

FHA COVID-19 RECOVERY WATERFALL WORKSHEET A USER'S GUIDE

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Joseph Rebella

Mobilization for Justice, Inc.

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I. Introduction

FHA offers special loss mitigation to borrowers with FHA-insured loans who have suffered a pandemic-related hardship. FHA recently revamped these programs. On June 25, 2021, FHA issued Mortgagee Letter 2021-15, which established the Advanced Loan Modification. This Mortgagee Letter went into effect on August 24, 2021. On July 23, 2021, FHA issued Mortgagee Letter 2021-18, which established the COVID-19 Recovery Standalone Partial Claim and COVID-19 Recovery Modification. This Mortgagee Letter goes into effect October 21, 2021.

Mobilization for Justice's FHA COVID-19 Recovery Waterfall Worksheet analyzes homeowners for eligibility under the programs created by Mortgagee Letters 2021-15 and 2021-18. This Guide lays out the terms of those programs and instructions on how to use the Worksheet.

II. FHA COVID-19 Recovery Loss Mitigation Options

FHA's loss mitigation options for pandemic affected borrowers include the Advance Loan Modification, which is offered without application or request, and the COVID-19 Recovery Waterfall, which the servicer uses to evaluate requests for assistance.

A. The Advance Loan Modification (ALM)

The ALM is a pre-waterfall step, meaning that the servicer is supposed to issue ALMs without an application or request. Servicers should evaluate homeowners who are exiting a forbearance or are more than 90 days in default. Note that the Worksheet does not test for these basic eligibility criteria. Borrowers who are not in forbearance and less than 90 days in default will not be offered an ALM until they either (1) enter and exit a forbearance or (2) fall 90 days into default. The borrower need not live in the home at issue to receive an ALM.

To evaluate a homeowner for an ALM, the servicer capitalizes arrears in to the principal balance of the loan. The servicer then sets the interest rate to the Freddie Mac Primary Mortgage

Market Survey (PMMS) rate rounded to the nearest 1/8 of a percentage point and amortizes the loan over 360 months. The servicer then compares the resulting principal and interest payment to the pre-modification principal and interest payment. If the ALM results in a principal and interest payment reduction of 25% or more, the borrower is offered an ALM. If the ALM does not result in such payment reduction, then the borrower is not eligible for an ALM.

Homeowners who either (1) are not ALM eligible or (2) decline an ALM modification can seek a COVID-19 Recovery Standalone Partial Claim or COVID-19 Recovery Modification.

B. The COVID-19 Recovery Waterfall

Borrowers who live in the home at issue, have a pandemic related hardship and contact their servicers for assistance are evaluated using the COVID-19 Recovery Waterfall. The COVID-19 Recovery Waterfall can result in either a COVID-19 Recovery Standalone Partial Claim or a COVID-19 Recovery Modification.

1. COVID-19 Recovery Standalone Partial Claim

The Standalone Partial Claim is intended to reinstate the borrower in the loan under its premodification terms. Eligibility for the Standalone Partial Claim is determined based on (1) sufficiency of the Partial Claim to reinstate the loan, and (2) self-reported affordability of the current mortgage payment.

If the borrower has never had a Partial Claim previously, the available Standalone Partial Claim for COVID-19 Recovery loss mitigation is 25% of the unpaid principal balance of the loan. If the borrower has had a prior Partial Claim, then the available Partial Claim for COVID-19 Recovery loss mitigation is 25% of the unpaid principal balance at the time the prior Partial Claim was awarded, less the amount of the prior Partial Claim.

If the Worksheet user knows the amount required to reinstate the loan, then the user should

input that amount. If not, the Worksheet can estimate a reinstatement figure based on the monthly payment, duration of the default and accrued fees.

If the available Partial Claim is sufficient to reinstate the loan, then the borrower is eligible for a Standalone Partial Claim in the amount of the reinstatement figure. Borrowers who choose this option will not have their mortgages' terms altered. Instead, the borrower will simply receive a Partial Claim and return to making their standard monthly payment.

Borrowers who report that their current monthly payment is unaffordable and borrowers with insufficient Partial Claim to reinstate their loans will be evaluated for the COVID-19 Recovery Modification.

2. <u>COVID-19 Recovery Modification</u>

The COVID-19 Recovery Modification is a modification that targets a 25% reduction in the principal and interest portion of the borrower's monthly payment. If the borrower has available Partial Claim, then the COVID-19 Recovery Modification will include a Partial Claim. The COVID-19 Recovery Modification consists of five steps.

<u>Step 1 – Calculate Partial Claim Availability</u>

As noted in Section II.B.1, *supra*, if the borrower has never had a Partial Claim previously, the available Standalone Partial Claim for COVID-19 Recovery loss mitigation is 25% of the unpaid principal balance. If the borrower has had a prior Partial Claim, then the available Partial Claim for COVID-19 Recovery loss mitigation is 25% of the unpaid principal balance at the time the prior Partial Claim was awarded, less the amount of the prior Partial Claim.

Step 2 – Deal with Arrearages

The servicer must calculate all arrearages. Arrearages are defined as accrued interest, advances for escrow items, projected escrow shortage and allowable foreclosure-related fees.

Servicers may include an extra month of arrears to allow time for the borrower to sign and return the final modification. As a default matter, the Worksheet does not include the extra month of arrearages.

The servicer must first apply available Partial Claim funds toward the arrearages. If the arrearages exceed the available Partial Claim, then the servicer must capitalize the remaining arrearages into the modified Mortgage.

<u>Step 3 – Modify the Rate and Term of the Mortgage</u>

After arrearages are either covered by the available Partial Claim or, failing that, capitalized, the servicer must extend the term to 360 months and set the interest rate to the PMMS rounded to the nearest 1/8 of a percentage point.

At this point, the servicer compares the resulting principal and interest payment to the premodification principal and interest payment. If the payment has resulted in a 25% principal and interest payment reduction, then the Waterfall is complete and the borrower receives a modification with those terms.

If the resulting payment is not at or below the target, then servicer moves on to Step 4.

<u>Step 4 – Principal Deferment</u>

In Step 4, the servicer determines the amount of Partial Claim needed to achieve the target payment. If there is sufficient remaining available Partial Claim, then the servicer uses that Partial Claim to lower the payment to the target payment.

If the Partial Claim remaining is not sufficient to reach the target payment, then the servicer moves to Step 5. However, if the borrower has no available Partial Claim at the outset of the modification process, then the borrower is not eligible for a 40-year modification and the servicer skips to Step 7.

<u>Step 5 – 40-Year Modification</u>

In Step 5, the term of the loan is extended to 480 months, and the interest rate is set to the PMMS plus 50 basis points rounded to the nearest 1/8 of a percentage point.

At this point, the servicer compares the resulting principal and interest payment to the premodification principal and interest payment. If the payment has resulted in a 25% principal and interest payment reduction, then the Waterfall is complete and the borrower receives a modification with those terms.

If the resulting payment is not at or below the target, then servicer moves on to Step 6.

Step 6 – 40-Year Modification with Principal Deferment

In Step 6, the servicer determines the amount of Partial Claim needed to achieve the target payment. If there is sufficient remaining available Partial Claim, then the servicer uses that Partial Claim to lower the payment to the target payment.

Step 7 – Target Payment Not Achieved

If the target payment is still not achieved using all available Partial Claim, then a modification is offered the modification using the lowest monthly principal and interest payment achieved under the COVID-19 Recovery Modification.

Note that no borrower should be ineligible for the COVID-19 Recovery Modification. The COVID-19 Recovery Modification waterfall always results in a modification offer.

III. Using the FHA COVID-19 Recovery Worksheet

The FHA COVID-19 Recovery Worksheet is a single tab worksheet that evaluates eligibility for FHA's pandemic-related loss mitigation.

A. Worksheet Inputs

• Loan Type – the type of loan product. If the borrower has a fixed rate loan that

amortizes evenly over the term of the loan, then select "Fixed Rate." If instead, the borrower has an adjustable rate mortgage, select "ARM."

- *Current Monthly P&I Payment* available only when the mortgage has an adjustable rate, and "ARM" was selected above. This cell requests the amount of monthly principal and interest payments currently due.
- Term term of the loan in months.
- *Current Interest Rate* the interest rate currently being charged on the loan.
- *Date of First Payment* day that the first payment on the loan is due. This date is later than the date of origination.
- *Monthly Property Taxes* amount of property taxes due on a monthly basis, corresponding to the "T" in PITIA.
- *Monthly Homeowner's Insurance* cost of homeowner's insurance due on a monthly basis, corresponding to the second "I" in PITIA.
- *Monthly Association Fees* cost of homeowner's association fees due on a monthly basis, corresponding to the "A" in PITIA.
- *MIP* amount of Monthly Insurance Premium for FHA mortgage insurance.
- UPB ("Unpaid Principal Balance") Information information the user has regarding the UPB, provides three options:
 - *Capitalized UPB* user has both the UPB at the time of default and the arrears to be capitalized. Such capitalization would include interest arrears and bona fide foreclosure-related costs, but not late fees.
 - UPB at Default user has both the UPB at the time of default, but not the total capitalizable arrears. The worksheet will calculate interest arrears based on the amount of the UPB at Default and time since default, assuming a fixed interest rate.
 - Default Date Only borrower only knows the default date. The worksheet

will calculate UPB and interest arrears based on the amortization schedule of the mortgage, assuming a fixed rate thirty year amortization.

- Note both the UPB at Default and Default Date Only option calculate tax, insurance and association (collectively "TIA") arrears assuming a concurrent default and fixed costs. This creates three potential calculation inaccuracies. First, an inaccuracy will result if the TIA costs have changed since the default. Second, borrowers, especially those without escrow accounts, may continue to pay some of the TIA costs past the date on which they default of their mortgage. Finally, most TIA costs are not incurred monthly, creating a problem when the charges are evened out on a monthly basis. For example, a borrower who pays for a year of insurance and then defaults for 10 months will have no actual insurance arrears, but the worksheet will indicate the depleting value of the policy and show the borrower as having 10 months of insurance arrears. If the amount of TIA arrears is known and varies from the amount estimated by the worksheet, make adjustments in the foreclosure fees section to even out the numbers.
- *Default Date* only appears when the user does not have the Capitalized UPB and asks the date of the first missed payment.
- *Allowable Fees and Costs* only appears when the user does not have the Capitalized UPB and asks the amount of capitalizable fees and costs.
- *Freddie Mac PMMS 30yr Fixed* requests the current Freddie Mac Primary Mortgage Market Survey for 30 year fixed rate loans. This rate is available by clicking the link on the input title.

- *Amount of Any Previous Partial Claim* the total amount of any Partial Claims already granted on this mortgage.
- UPB at Time of Previous Partial Claim if the user enters a prior Partial Claim, then the worksheet asks for the UPB at the time the prior Partial Claim was given.
 This is used to calculate the available Partial Claim.
- *Known Reinstatement Amount* requests whether or not the amount needed to reinstate the loan is known. If the reinstatement amount is known, the Worksheet prompts for the amount required to reinstate the loan. If not, the Worksheet estimates the amount required based on the pre-modification payment, duration of the default and allowable fees.

B. Worksheet Outputs

In the Advance Loan Modification (ALM) section, the Worksheet shows the capitalized unpaid principal balance. The Worksheet then amortizes that principal balance at the current rate over 360 months and displays the resulting principal and interest payment. The Worksheet also shows the percentage reduction of payment that an ALM would offer the borrower. If that percentage reduction meets or exceeds 25%, then the terms of the ALM will be highlighted purple and the sheet will note that the borrower is ALM eligible.

Regardless of whether or not the borrower is eligible for an ALM, the COVID-19 Recovery Waterfall analyzes the borrower for a Standalone Partial Claim and for a COVID-19 Recovery Modification. The Standalone Partial Claim analysis compares the borrower's available Partial Claim to the loan's reinstatement amount. If the available Partial Claim meets or exceeds the reinstatement amount, then Worksheet will display a message noting the amount of Partial Claim for which the borrower is eligible. If the borrower reports that the mortgage is currently affordable, then the borrower will receive this amount of Partial Claim and return to making the current mortgage payment.

The Worksheet will also display the COVID-19 Recovery Modification analysis. That analysis goes through each of the steps described in Section II.B.2, *supra*. At the end the Worksheet displays the terms of the resulting COVID-19 Recovery Modification.

IV. <u>A Note on the Non-Occupant Loan Modification</u>

FHA also offers a Non-Occupant Loan Modification. The Worksheet does not directly offer an analysis of a borrower's eligibility Non-Occupant Loan Modification. However, the Worksheet can be easily used to determine the terms of a Non-Occupant Loan Modification. A Non-Occupant Loan Modification involves the same change of terms as an ALM – capitalization of arrears, adjustment of interest rate to a market rate and extension of the term to 360 months. Like the COVID-19 Recovery Modification, every applicant is eligible and there are no economic grounds for denial. A worksheet user can therefore look at the proposed ALM terms to determine the terms of Non-Occupant Loan Modification.

V. <u>Further Questions</u>

The Worksheet is created and maintained by Joseph Rebella of Mobilization for Justice, Inc. Please contact <u>jrebella@mfjlegal.org</u> with any questions, concerns or corrections. Example #1: Standalone Partial Claim

In 2018, Borrower 1 took out an FHA mortgage for \$275,000 with a 3.75% interest rate and a principal and interest payment of \$1,273.57 per month. Her monthly escrow charges are \$450. She consistently paid her mortgage until February 1, 2021 when she lost her job due to the pandemic. Her most recent statement indicates that she has an unpaid balance of \$262,500 and that \$250 of recovery default-related fees have accrued on the account. Borrower 1 recently returned to work at about her previous level of income and believes that she could comfortably go back to making her monthly PITIA payment of \$1,723.57 per month.

The Worksheet first analyzes Borrower 1 for an ALM. The current PMMS is 5%, so the rate for an ALM is 5%. Capitalizing the arrears and amortizing the loan at 5% for 360 months results in a principal and interest payment of \$1,515.54. This is an increase relative to her prior principal and interest payment. Because the ALM did not result in a 25% reduction in principal and interest payment, Borrower 1 is not eligible for an ALM.

The Worksheet next analyzes Borrower 1 for a Standalone Partial Claim. The Worksheet estimates the amount needed to reinstate Borrower 1's loan as \$26,103.52. Because Borrower 1 has not had a prior Partial Claim, her available Partial Claim is 25% of her unpaid principal balance or \$65,625. Since her available Partial Claim is sufficient to reinstate the loan and Borrower 1 has reported that the current payment is affordable, Borrower 1 will be offered a Partial Claim of \$26,103.52. She will go back to making her monthly payment under the existing terms of the loan.

Note that had Borrower 1 reported that her current payment was unaffordable, she would have received COVID-19 Recovery Modification that would have reduced her payment. This situation will be discussed in Example # 4.

MORTGAGE INFORMATION	Advance Loan Modification (ALM)
	Pre-Waterfall Step
Loan Terms	Capitalized UPB \$ 282,317.06
Loan Type Fixed Rat	New Term 360
	Rate 5.000%
Original Principal \$ 275,000.00	P&I Payment \$ 1,515.54
Term (in months) 360	% Reduction -19.00%
Current Interest Rate 3.750%	Not ALM Eligible
Date of First Payment 5/1/201	
Monthly Property Taxes \$ 350.00	COVID-19 RECOVERY WATERFALL
Monthly Homeowner's Insurance \$ 100.00	
Monthly Association Fees \$ -	COVID-19 Recovery Standalone Partial Claim
MIP \$ -	Known Reinstatement Amount? No
Principal & Interest \$1,273.57	
PITIA \$ 1,723.57	Estimated Reinstatement Amount \$ 26,103.52
	Available Partial Claim \$ 65,625.00
Arrears and Unpaid Principal Balance	
JPB Information: UPB at Defau	Eligible for Standalone Partial Claim of \$26103.52 if Current Payment Is Affordable
Enter UPB at Default: \$ 262,500.00	
Estimate Arrears:	COVID-19 Recovery Modification
Default Date 2/1/202	
Today's Date 4/20/202	Evaluation
Total Months in Default	Step 1: Calculate Available Partial Claim \$ 65,625.00
JPB at Default \$262,500.00	Step 2: Calculate Accured Arrears \$ 19,817.06
Taxes in Arrears \$ 5,250.00	Step 3: Apply Partial Claim \$ 19,817.06
nsurance Arrears \$ 1,500.00	Resulting Balance \$ 262,500.00
Association Fee Arrears	Payment at 360 Months and 5% \$ 1,409.16
nterest Arrears \$ 12,817.06	Target P&I Payment (25% Reduction) \$ 955.18
MIP Arrears \$ -	Step 4: Deferment Required to Meet Target \$ 84,568.29
Allowable Fees & Costs \$ 250.00	Partial Claim Available for Further Deferment \$ 45,807.94
Total Eligible Arrears \$ 19,817.06	Resulting Further Deferment \$ 45,807.94
	Step 5: Payment at 480 Months and 5.5% \$ 1,353.90
Market Interest Rate	Step 6: Deferment Required to Meet Target \$ 77,305.94
Freddie Mac PMMS 30yr Fixed 5.00%	Partial Claim Available for Further Deferment \$ 45,807.94
Market Rate (rounded to nearest 1/8) 5.000%	Resulting Further Deferment \$ 45,807.94
Previous Partial Claims	Result
Amount of Any Previous Partial Claims	Partial Claim \$ 65,625.00
	Amortizing Balance \$ 216,692.06
Available Partial Claim \$ 65,625.00	Rate 5.500%
	Term 480
	Principal and Interest Payment \$ 1,117.63
	PITIA Payment \$ 1,567.63

Example #2: Recovery Modification

In 2008, Borrower 2 took out an FHA mortgage for \$275,000 with a 6.25% interest rate and a principal and interest payment of \$1,693.22 per month. Her monthly escrow charges are \$450. She consistently paid her mortgage until January 1, 2022 when she exhausted her savings after losing her job earlier in the pandemic. Borrower 2 recently returned to work but in a different position and making less income. She believes that her previous payment is unaffordable.

The Worksheet first analyzes Borrower 2 for an ALM. The current PMMS is 5%, so the rate for an ALM is 5%. Capitalizing the arrears and amortizing the loan at 5% for 360 months results in a principal and interest payment of \$1,151.26. This is a reduction of 32.01%. Because the ALM resulted in more than a 25% reduction in principal and interest payment, Borrower 2 is eligible for an ALM and should receive an offer for an ALM from her servicer without taking any action. The rest of the Worksheet analyzes Borrower 2's options if she does not accept the ALM and requests assistance from her servicer.

The Worksheet next analyzes Borrower 2 for a Standalone Partial Claim. The Worksheet estimates the amount needed to reinstate Borrower 2's loan as \$8,572.89. Because Borrower 2 has not had a prior Partial Claim, her available Partial Claim is 25% of her unpaid principal balance or \$51,914.17. Because Borrower 2's available Partial Claim is sufficient to reinstate the loan, the Worksheet shows that she is eligible for a Partial Claim of \$8,572.89. However, she has reported that her mortgage is unaffordable. So, her servicer must evaluate her for a Recovery Modification.

In the Recovery Modification analysis, accrued arrears of \$6,801.79 are deferred using a Partial Claim. The remaining \$207,656.67 is amortized at 5% for 360 months, resulting in a principal and interest payment of \$1,114.75. This is a principal and interest payment reduction of 34.16%. This payment is below her target payment, no further principal deferment is offered.

	FHA COV	ID-19 RECOVERY ANALYSIS	
MORTGAGE	INFORMATION	Advance Loan Modificatio	n (ALM)
<u>Loan Terms</u> Loan Type Original Principal Term (in months) Current Interest Rate	Fixed Rate \$ 275,000.00 360 6.250%	Pre-Waterfall Step Capitalized UPB New Term Rate P&I Payment % Reduction ALM Eligible	\$ 214,458.47 360 5.000% \$ 1,151.26 32.01%
Date of First Payment Monthly Property Taxes	5/1/2008 \$ 350.00	COVID-19 RECOVERY WA	
Monthly Hoporty Taxoo Monthly Homeowner's Insurance Monthly Association Fees MIP Principal & Interest PITIA Arrears and Unpaid Principal Balance	\$ 100.00 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 1,693.22 \$ 2,143.22	COVID-19 Recovery Standalone Known Reinstatement Amount? Estimated Reinstatement Amount Available Partial Claim	
UPB Information: Estimate Arrears and UPB at Default:	Only Default Date	Eligible for Standalone Partial Claim of \$8572.89 if Current	Payment Is Affordable
Default Date Today's Date Total Months in Default Est UPB at Default Taxes in Arrears Insurance Arrears Association Fee Arrears Interest Arrears MIP Arrears Allowable Fees & Costs Total Eligible Arrears	1/1/2022 4/20/2022 4 \$ 207,656.67 \$ 1,400.00 \$ 400.00 \$ - \$ 5,001.79 \$ - \$ 6,801.79	COVID-19 Recovery Modif <u>Evaluation</u> Step 1: Calculate Available Partial Claim Step 2: Calculate Accured Arrears Step 3: Apply Partial Claim Resulting Balance Payment at 360 Months and 5% Target P&I Payment (25% Reduction) Step 4: Deferment Required to Meet Target Partial Claim Available for Further Deferment Resulting Further Deferment	\$ 51,914.17 \$ 6,801.79 \$ 6,801.79 \$ 207,656.67 \$ 1,114.75 \$ 1,269.92 \$ - \$ 45,112.37 \$ -
Freddie Mac PMMS 30yr Fixed Market Rate (rounded to nearest 1/8 Previous Partial Claims Amount of Any Previous Partial Claims Available Partial Claim	·	Result Partial Claim Amortizing Balance Rate Term Principal and Interest Payment PITIA Payment	\$ 6,801.79 \$ 207,656.67 5.000% 360 \$ 1,114.75 \$ 1,564.75
		Mobilizatio	on for Justice, Inc.'s FHA COVID-19 Water

Example #3: Recovery Modification with Further Deferment

In 2018, Borrower 3 took out an FHA mortgage for \$275,000 with a 5% interest rate and a principal and interest payment of \$1,476.26 per month. Her monthly escrow charges are \$450. She consistently paid her mortgage until December 1, 2021 when she lost her job due to the pandemic. Borrower 3 recently returned to work but in a different position and making considerably less income. She believes that her previous payment is unaffordable.

The Worksheet first analyzes Borrower 3 for an ALM. The current PMMS is 5%, so the rate for an ALM is 5%. Capitalizing the arrears and amortizing the loan at 5% for 360 months results in a principal and interest payment of \$1,450.48. This is a reduction of 1.75%. Because the ALM did not result in a 25% reduction in principal and interest payment, Borrower 3 is not eligible for an ALM.

The Worksheet next analyzes Borrower 3 for a Standalone Partial Claim. The Worksheet estimates the amount needed to reinstate Borrower 2's loan as \$9,631.30. Because Borrower 3 has not had a prior Partial Claim, her available Partial Claim is 25% of her unpaid principal balance or \$65,452.78. Because Borrower 3's available Partial Claim is sufficient to reinstate the loan, the Worksheet shows that she is eligible for a Partial Claim of \$9,631.30. However, she has reported that her mortgage payment is unaffordable. So, her servicer must evaluate her for a Recovery Modification.

In the Recovery Modification analysis, accrued arrears of \$8,385.83 are paid using a Partial Claim. The remaining \$261,811.10 is capitalized at 5% for 360 months, resulting in a principal and interest payment of \$1,405.46. This is a principal and interest payment reduction of 4.8%. Because this payment is above her target 25% reduction and Borrower 3 has additional available Partial Claim, Borrower 3 receives further principal deferment.

To reach the target payment, Borrower 3 would need an additional \$55,561.10 of principal deferment. She has an available Partial Claim of \$57,066.95. As a result, she receives additional Partial Claim of \$55,561.10, the remaining \$206,250.00 is amortized at 5% over 360 months for a principal and interest payment of \$1,107.19. This is a 25% payment reduction.

FHA	COVID-19 RECOVERY ANALYSIS
MORTGAGE INFORMATION	Advance Loan Modification (ALM)
Loan Terms Loan TypeFixed RateOriginal Principal Term (in months)\$ 275,000.00Term (in months)360Current Interest Rate5.000%Date of First Payment11/1/2018Monthly Property Taxes\$ 350.00Monthly Homeowner's Insurance\$ 100.00Monthly Association Fees\$ -MIP\$ -	Pre-Waterfall Step Capitalized UPB \$ 270,196.93 New Term 360 Rate 5.000% P&I Payment \$ 1,450.48 % Reduction 1.75% Not ALM Eligible COVID-19 RECOVERY WATERFALL COVID-19 RECOVERY WATERFALL COVID-19 Recovery Standalone Partial Claim Known Reinstatement Amount? No
Principal & Interest\$ 1,476.26PITIA\$ 1,926.26Arrears and Unpaid Principal BalanceUPB Information:Only Default Date	Estimated Reinstatement Amount Available Partial Claim Eligible for Standalone Partial Claim of \$9,631.30 if Current Payment Is Affordable
Estimate Arrears and UPB at Default:Default Date12/1/2021Today's Date4/20/2022Total Months in Default5Est UPB at Default\$ 261,811.10Taxes in Arrears\$ 1,750.00Insurance Arrears\$ 500.00Association Fee Arrears\$ -Interest Arrears\$ 6,135.83MIP Arrears\$ -Allowable Fees & Costs\$ -Total Eligible Arrears\$ 8,385.83Market Interest Rate	COVID-19 Recovery ModificationEvaluationStep 1:Calculate Available Partial Claim\$65,452.78Step 2:Calculate Accured Arrears\$8,385.83Step 3:Apply Partial Claim\$8,385.83Resulting Balance\$261,811.10Payment at 360 Months and 5%1,405.46Target P&I Payment (25% Reduction)\$1,107.19Step 4:Deferment Required to Meet Target\$55,561.10Partial Claim Available for Further Deferment\$57,066.95Resulting Further Deferment\$55,561.10
Freddie Mac PMMS 30yr Fixed 5.00% Market Rate (rounded to nearest 1/8) 5.000% Previous Partial Claims 5.000% Amount of Any Previous Partial Claims 65,452.78	ResultPartial Claim\$ 63,946.93Amortizing Balance\$ 206,250.00Rate5.000%Term360Principal and Interest Payment\$ 1,107.19PITIA Payment\$ 1,557.19

Example #4: Recovery Modification with 40-Year Term

In 2018, Borrower 1 took out an FHA mortgage for \$275,000 with a 3.75% interest rate and a principal and interest payment of \$1,273.57 per month. Her monthly escrow charges are \$450. She consistently paid her mortgage until February 1, 2021 when she lost her job due to the pandemic. Her most recent statement indicates that she has an unpaid balance of \$262,500 and that \$250 of recovery default-related fees have accrued on the account. Borrower 1 recently returned to work, but she does not believe that she can make her previous payment.

The Worksheet first analyzes Borrower 1 for an ALM. The current PMMS is 5%, so the rate for an ALM is 5%. Capitalizing the arrears and amortizing the loan at 5% for 360 months results in a principal and interest payment of \$1,515.54. This is an increase relative to her prior principal and interest payment. Because the ALM did not result in a 25% reduction in principal and interest payment, Borrower 1 is not eligible for an ALM.

The Worksheet next analyzes Borrower 1 for a Standalone Partial Claim. The Worksheet estimates the amount needed to reinstate Borrower 1's loan as \$26,103.52. Because Borrower 1 has not had a prior Partial Claim, her available Partial Claim is 25% of her unpaid principal balance or \$65,625. Since her available Partial Claim is sufficient to reinstate the loan, she is eligible for a Partial Claim of \$26,103.52. However, she has reported that her mortgage is unaffordable. So, her servicer must evaluate her for a Recovery Modification.

In the Recovery Modification analysis, accrued arrears of \$19,817.06 are paid using a Partial Claim. The remaining \$262,500.00 is capitalized at 5% for 360 months, resulting in a principal and interest payment of \$1,409.16. This principal and interest payment is higher than her pre-default principal and interest payment. Because this payment would not provide any payment

reduction and Borrower 4 has additional available Partial Claim, Borrower 4 is considered for further principal deferment.

To reach the target payment, Borrower 4 would need an additional \$84,568.29 of principal deferment. She has a remaining available Partial Claim of \$45,807.94. Because her remaining available Partial Claim is less than the amount of deferment needed to hit her target payment, she is considered for a modification with a term of 40 years.

In the 40-year modification analysis, the \$262,500.00 remaining after payment of the arrears with the Partial Claim is capitalized at 5.5% for 480 months, resulting in a principal and interest payment of \$1,353.90. This is still higher than the pre-modification payment, so Borrower 4 is considered for principal deferment with the 40-year term.

To reach the target payment on a 40-year modification, Borrower 4 would need an additional \$77,305.94 of principal deferment. She has a remaining available Partial Claim of \$45,807.94. Because her remaining available Partial Claim is less than the amount of deferment needed to hit her target payment, she will receive a modification with the full available Partial Claim. The remaining balance will amortize at 5.5% over 480 months. This gives her a principal and interest payment of \$1,117.63.

Note that while this modification does provide a modest amount of payment reduction, Borrower 4 may prefer to accept the Standalone Partial Claim given the difference in remaining term and interest rate.

MORTGAGE INFORMATION	Advance Loan Modification (ALM)	
	Pre-Waterfall Step	
<u>ban Terms</u>	Capitalized UPB	\$ 282,317.06
ban Type Fixed Rate	New Term	360
	Rate	5.000%
riginal Principal \$ 275,000.00	P&I Payment	\$ 1,515.54
erm (in months) 360	% Reduction	-19.00%
urrent Interest Rate 3.750%	Not ALM Eligible	
ate of First Payment 5/1/2018		
onthly Property Taxes \$ 350.00	COVID-19 RECOVERY WA	TERFALL
onthly Homeowner's Insurance \$ 100.00		
onthly Association Fees \$-	COVID-19 Recovery Standalone	Partial Claim
IP \$ -	Known Reinstatement Amount?	No
incipal & Interest \$ 1,273.57		
TIA \$ 1,723.57	Estimated Reinstatement Amount	\$ 26,103.52
	Available Partial Claim	\$ 65,625.00
rrears and Unpaid Principal Balance		
PB Information: UPB at Default	Eligible for Standalone Partial Claim of \$26,103.52 if Curren	t Payment Is Affordable
nter UPB at Default: \$262,500.00		
stimate Arrears:	COVID-19 Recovery Modif	ication
efault Date 2/1/2021		
oday's Date 4/20/2022	Evaluation	
otal Months in Default 15	Step 1: Calculate Available Partial Claim	\$ 65,625.00
PB at Default \$ 262,500.00	Step 2: Calculate Accured Arrears	\$ 19,817.06
axes in Arrears \$ 5,250.00	Step 3: Apply Partial Claim	\$ 19,817.06
surance Arrears \$ 1,500.00	Resulting Balance	\$ 262,500.00
ssociation Fee Arrears \$-	Payment at 360 Months and 5%	\$ 1,409.16
terest Arrears \$ 12,817.06	Target P&I Payment (25% Reduction)	\$ 955.18
IP Arrears -	Step 4: Deferment Required to Meet Target	\$ 84,568.29
Iowable Fees & Costs \$ 250.00	Partial Claim Available for Further Deferment	\$ 45,807.94
otal Eligible Arrears \$ 19,817.06	Resulting Further Deferment	\$ 45,807.94
	Step 5: Payment at 480 Months and 5.5%	\$ 1,353.90
arket Interest Rate	Step 6: Deferment Required to Meet Target	\$ 77,305.94
eddie Mac PMMS 30yr Fixed 5.00%	Partial Claim Available for Further Deferment	\$ 45,807.94
arket Rate (rounded to nearest 1/8) 5.000%	Resulting Further Deferment	\$ 45,807.94
revious Partial Claims	Result	
mount of Any Previous Partial Claims	Partial Claim	\$ 65,625.00
	Amortizing Balance	\$ 216,692.06
vailable Partial Claim \$ 65,625.00	Rate	5.500%
	Term	480
	Principal and Interest Payment	\$ 1,117.63
	PITIA Payment	\$ 1,567.63

Example #5: Recovery Modification with an Exhausted Partial Claim

In 2013, Borrower 4 took out an FHA mortgage for \$275,000 with a 5.5% interest rate and a principal and interest payment of \$1,561.42 per month. Borrower 4 defaulted on the mortgage in 2015 and received an FHA-HAMP modification. In the FHA-HAMP modification, Borrower 4 received the full available Partial Claim: 30% of her principal balance of \$268,050 or \$80,415. After the FHA-HAMP modification, Borrower 4's amortizing principal balance was \$200,000 at 3.75% for 360 months. Her monthly escrow charges are \$450. Borrower 4 fell behind on November 1, 2021 after she was laid off. She but she recently returned to work. She now believes that her current payment is affordable again.

The Worksheet first analyzes Borrower 4 for an ALM. The current PMMS is 5%, so the rate for an ALM is 5%. Capitalizing the arrears and amortizing the loan at 5% for 360 months results in a principal and interest payment of \$966.17. This is higher than the payment on her FHA-HAMP modification. Because the ALM did not result in a 25% reduction in principal and interest payment, Borrower 5 is not eligible for an ALM.

The Worksheet next analyzes Borrower 5 for a Standalone Partial Claim. The Worksheet estimates the amount needed to reinstate Borrower 5's loan as \$8,507.39. Borrower 5 had a previous Partial Claim in connection with an FHA-HAMP modification. That Partial Claim exceeded 25% of her unpaid Partial Claim. As a result, Borrower 5 has no available Partial Claim, and is not eligible for a Standalone Partial Claim. Her servicer must evaluate her for a Recovery Modification.

In the Recovery Modification analysis, accrued arrears of \$6,540.56 cannot be paid using a Partial Claim because no Partial Claim is available. As a result, those are arrears are capitalized and the remaining balance is amortized at 5% for 360 months. Because these terms match the terms

produced by the ALM analysis, the Recovery Modification also results in a payment of \$966.17. She is not eligible for a modification with a 40-year term because she has no available Partial Claim. Even though the payment does not meet the target and increases her monthly payment, the borrower receives this offer.

MORTGAGE INFORMATION		Advance Loan Modification (ALM)	
		Pre-Waterfall Step	
<u>Loan Terms</u>		Capitalized UPB	\$ 179,980.13
Loan Type	Fixed Rate	New Term	360
		Rate	5.000%
Original Principal	\$ 200,000.00	P&I Payment	\$ 966.17
Term (in months)	360	% Reduction	-4.31%
Current Interest Rate	3.750%	Not ALM Eligible	
Date of First Payment	5/1/2015		
Monthly Property Taxes	\$ 350.00	COVID-19 RECOVERY WA	ATERFALL
Monthly Homeowner's Insurance	\$ 100.00		
Monthly Association Fees	\$ -	COVID-19 Recovery Standalon	e Partial Claim
MIP	\$ -	Known Reinstatement Amount?	No
Principal & Interest	\$ 926.23		110
PITIA	\$ 1,376.23	Estimated Reinstatement Amount	\$ 8,507.39
	Ψ 1,070.20	Available Partial Claim	\$ -
Arrears and Unpaid Principal Bala	nce		Ψ
UPB Information:	Only Default Date	Not Eligible for Standalone Partial Claim	
Estimate Arrears and UPB at Default			
		COVID-19 Recovery Mod	ification
Default Date	11/1/2021		induidi
Today's Date	4/20/2022	Evaluation	
-	4/20/2022		
Total Months in Default	6	Step 1. Calculate Available Partial Claim	¢
Total Months in Default	<u>6</u>	Step 1: Calculate Available Partial Claim	\$ - <u></u>
Est UPB at Default	6 \$ 173,439.56 \$ 2 100.00	Step 2: Calculate Accured Arrears	\$ 6,540.56
Est UPB at Default Taxes in Arrears	\$ 2,100.00	Step 2:Calculate Accured ArrearsStep 3:Apply Partial Claim	\$ 6,540.56 \$ -
Est UPB at Default Taxes in Arrears Insurance Arrears	\$ 2,100.00 \$ 600.00	Step 2: Calculate Accured Arrears Step 3: Apply Partial Claim Resulting Balance	\$ 6,540.56 \$ - \$ 179,980.13
Est UPB at Default Taxes in Arrears Insurance Arrears Association Fee Arrears	\$ 2,100.00 \$ 600.00 \$ -	Step 2:Calculate Accured ArrearsStep 3:Apply Partial ClaimResulting BalancePayment at 360 Months and 5%	\$ 6,540.56 \$ - \$ 179,980.13 \$ 966.17
Est UPB at Default Taxes in Arrears Insurance Arrears Association Fee Arrears Interest Arrears	\$ 2,100.00 \$ 600.00 \$ - \$ 3,590.56	Step 2:Calculate Accured ArrearsStep 3:Apply Partial ClaimResulting BalancePayment at 360 Months and 5%Target P&I Payment (25% Reduction)	\$ 6,540.56 \$ - \$ 179,980.13 \$ 966.17 \$ 694.67
Est UPB at Default Taxes in Arrears Insurance Arrears Association Fee Arrears Interest Arrears MIP Arrears	\$ 2,100.00 \$ 600.00 \$ - \$ 3,590.56 \$ -	Step 2:Calculate Accured ArrearsStep 3:Apply Partial ClaimResulting BalancePayment at 360 Months and 5%Target P&I Payment (25% Reduction)Step 4:Deferment Required to Meet Target	\$ 6,540.56 \$ - \$ 179,980.13 \$ 966.17 \$ 694.67 \$ 50,575.25
Est UPB at Default Taxes in Arrears Insurance Arrears Association Fee Arrears Interest Arrears MIP Arrears Allowable Fees & Costs	\$ 2,100.00 \$ 600.00 \$ - \$ 3,590.56 \$ - \$ 250.00	Step 2:Calculate Accured ArrearsStep 3:Apply Partial ClaimResulting BalancePayment at 360 Months and 5%Target P&I Payment (25% Reduction)Step 4:Deferment Required to Meet TargetPartial Claim Available for Further Deferment	\$ 6,540.56 \$ - \$ 179,980.13 \$ 966.17 \$ 694.67 \$ 50,575.25 \$ -
Est UPB at Default Taxes in Arrears Insurance Arrears Association Fee Arrears Interest Arrears MIP Arrears Allowable Fees & Costs	\$ 2,100.00 \$ 600.00 \$ - \$ 3,590.56 \$ -	Step 2:Calculate Accured ArrearsStep 3:Apply Partial ClaimResulting BalancePayment at 360 Months and 5%Target P&I Payment (25% Reduction)Step 4:Deferment Required to Meet Target	\$ 6,540.56 \$ - \$ 179,980.13 \$ 966.17 \$ 694.67 \$ 50,575.25
Est UPB at Default Taxes in Arrears Insurance Arrears Association Fee Arrears Interest Arrears MIP Arrears Allowable Fees & Costs Total Eligible Arrears	\$ 2,100.00 \$ 600.00 \$ - \$ 3,590.56 \$ - \$ 250.00	Step 2:Calculate Accured ArrearsStep 3:Apply Partial ClaimResulting BalancePayment at 360 Months and 5%Target P&I Payment (25% Reduction)Step 4:Deferment Required to Meet TargetPartial Claim Available for Further Deferment	\$ 6,540.56 \$ - \$ 179,980.13 \$ 966.17 \$ 694.67 \$ 50,575.25 \$ -
Est UPB at Default Taxes in Arrears Insurance Arrears Association Fee Arrears Interest Arrears MIP Arrears Allowable Fees & Costs Total Eligible Arrears <u>Market Interest Rate</u>	\$ 2,100.00 \$ 600.00 \$ - \$ 3,590.56 \$ - \$ 250.00 \$ 6,540.56	Step 2:Calculate Accured ArrearsStep 3:Apply Partial ClaimResulting BalancePayment at 360 Months and 5%Target P&I Payment (25% Reduction)Step 4:Deferment Required to Meet TargetPartial Claim Available for Further Deferment	\$ 6,540.56 \$ - \$ 179,980.13 \$ 966.17 \$ 694.67 \$ 50,575.25 \$ -
Est UPB at Default Taxes in Arrears Insurance Arrears Association Fee Arrears Interest Arrears MIP Arrears Allowable Fees & Costs Total Eligible Arrears <u>Market Interest Rate</u> <u>Freddie Mac PMMS 30yr Fixed</u>	\$ 2,100.00 \$ 600.00 \$ - \$ 3,590.56 \$ - \$ 250.00 \$ 6,540.56 5.00%	Step 2:Calculate Accured ArrearsStep 3:Apply Partial ClaimResulting BalancePayment at 360 Months and 5%Target P&I Payment (25% Reduction)Step 4:Deferment Required to Meet TargetPartial Claim Available for Further Deferment	\$ 6,540.56 \$ - \$ 179,980.13 \$ 966.17 \$ 694.67 \$ 50,575.25 \$ -
Est UPB at Default Taxes in Arrears Insurance Arrears Association Fee Arrears Interest Arrears MIP Arrears Allowable Fees & Costs Total Eligible Arrears <u>Market Interest Rate</u>	\$ 2,100.00 \$ 600.00 \$ - \$ 3,590.56 \$ - \$ 250.00 \$ 6,540.56 5.00%	Step 2:Calculate Accured ArrearsStep 3:Apply Partial ClaimResulting BalancePayment at 360 Months and 5%Target P&I Payment (25% Reduction)Step 4:Deferment Required to Meet TargetPartial Claim Available for Further Deferment	\$ 6,540.56 \$ - \$ 179,980.13 \$ 966.17 \$ 694.67 \$ 50,575.25 \$ -
Est UPB at Default Taxes in Arrears Insurance Arrears Association Fee Arrears Interest Arrears MIP Arrears Allowable Fees & Costs Total Eligible Arrears <u>Market Interest Rate</u> <u>Freddie Mac PMMS 30yr Fixed</u> Market Rate (rounded to nearest 1/	\$ 2,100.00 \$ 600.00 \$ - \$ 3,590.56 \$ - \$ 250.00 \$ 6,540.56 5.00%	Step 2:Calculate Accured ArrearsStep 3:Apply Partial ClaimResulting BalancePayment at 360 Months and 5%Target P&I Payment (25% Reduction)Step 4:Deferment Required to Meet TargetPartial Claim Available for Further Deferment	\$ 6,540.56 \$ - \$ 179,980.13 \$ 966.17 \$ 694.67 \$ 50,575.25 \$ -
Est UPB at Default Taxes in Arrears Insurance Arrears Association Fee Arrears Interest Arrears MIP Arrears Allowable Fees & Costs Total Eligible Arrears <u>Market Interest Rate</u> <u>Freddie Mac PMMS 30yr Fixed</u>	\$ 2,100.00 \$ 600.00 \$ - \$ 3,590.56 \$ - \$ 250.00 \$ 6,540.56 /8) 5.00%	Step 2: Calculate Accured ArrearsStep 3: Apply Partial ClaimResulting BalancePayment at 360 Months and 5%Target P&I Payment (25% Reduction)Step 4: Deferment Required to Meet TargetPartial Claim Available for Further DefermentResulting Further Deferment	\$ 6,540.56 \$ - \$ 179,980.13 \$ 966.17 \$ 694.67 \$ 50,575.25 \$ -
Est UPB at Default Taxes in Arrears Insurance Arrears Association Fee Arrears Interest Arrears MIP Arrears Allowable Fees & Costs Total Eligible Arrears <u>Market Interest Rate</u> <u>Freddie Mac PMMS 30yr Fixed</u> Market Rate (rounded to nearest 1, <u>Previous Partial Claims</u>	\$ 2,100.00 \$ 600.00 \$ - \$ 3,590.56 \$ - \$ 250.00 \$ 6,540.56 /8) 5.00% /8) 5.000%	Step 2: Calculate Accured Arrears Step 3: Apply Partial Claim Resulting Balance Payment at 360 Months and 5% Target P&I Payment (25% Reduction) Step 4: Deferment Required to Meet Target Partial Claim Available for Further Deferment Resulting Further Deferment Resulting Further Deferment	\$ 6,540.56 \$ - \$ 179,980.13 \$ 966.17 \$ 694.67 \$ 50,575.25 \$ - \$ -
Est UPB at Default Taxes in Arrears Insurance Arrears Association Fee Arrears Interest Arrears MIP Arrears Allowable Fees & Costs Total Eligible Arrears <u>Market Interest Rate</u> <u>Freddie Mac PMMS 30yr Fixed</u> Market Rate (rounded to nearest 1/ <u>Previous Partial Claims</u> Amount of Any Previous Partial Clain	\$ 2,100.00 \$ 600.00 \$ - \$ 3,590.56 \$ - \$ 250.00 \$ 6,540.56 /8) 5.00% /8) 5.000%	Step 2: Calculate Accured Arrears Step 3: Apply Partial Claim Resulting Balance Payment at 360 Months and 5% Target P&I Payment (25% Reduction) Step 4: Deferment Required to Meet Target Partial Claim Available for Further Deferment Resulting Further Deferment Resulting Further Deferment Partial Claim	\$ 6,540.56 - \$ 179,980.13 \$ 966.17 \$ 694.67 \$ 50,575.25 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -
Est UPB at Default Taxes in Arrears Insurance Arrears Association Fee Arrears Interest Arrears MIP Arrears Allowable Fees & Costs Total Eligible Arrears <u>Market Interest Rate</u> <u>Freddie Mac PMMS 30yr Fixed</u> <u>Market Rate (rounded to nearest 1, Previous Partial Claims</u> Amount of Any Previous Partial Clain UPB at Time of Previous Partial Clain	\$ 2,100.00 \$ 600.00 \$ - \$ 3,590.56 \$ - \$ 250.00 \$ 6,540.56 /8) 5.00% m \$ 80,415.00 \$ 268,050.00	Step 2: Calculate Accured Arrears Step 3: Apply Partial Claim Resulting Balance Payment at 360 Months and 5% Parget P&I Payment (25% Reduction) Step 4: Deferment Required to Meet Target Partial Claim Available for Further Deferment Resulting Further Deferment Partial Claim Apply Partial Claim Apply Partial Claim Apply Partial Claim Apply Partial Claim Amortizing Balance	\$ 6,540.56 \$ - \$ 179,980.13 \$ 966.17 \$ 694.67 \$ 50,575.25 \$ - \$ - \$ 179,980.13 5.000% 360
Est UPB at Default Taxes in Arrears Insurance Arrears Association Fee Arrears Interest Arrears MIP Arrears Allowable Fees & Costs Total Eligible Arrears <u>Market Interest Rate</u> <u>Freddie Mac PMMS 30yr Fixed</u> <u>Market Rate (rounded to nearest 1, Previous Partial Claims</u> Amount of Any Previous Partial Clain UPB at Time of Previous Partial Clain	\$ 2,100.00 \$ 600.00 \$ - \$ 3,590.56 \$ - \$ 250.00 \$ 6,540.56 /8) 5.00% m \$ 80,415.00 \$ 268,050.00	Step 2: Calculate Accured Arrears Step 3: Apply Partial Claim Resulting Balance Payment at 360 Months and 5% Target P&I Payment (25% Reduction) Step 4: Deferment Required to Meet Target Partial Claim Available for Further Deferment Resulting Further Deferment Resulting Further Deferment Partial Claim Amortizing Balance Rate	\$ 6,540.56 \$ - \$ 179,980.13 \$ 966.17 \$ 694.67 \$ 50,575.25 \$ - \$ - \$ 179,980.13 5.000% 360 \$ 966.17
Est UPB at Default Taxes in Arrears Insurance Arrears Association Fee Arrears Interest Arrears MIP Arrears Allowable Fees & Costs Total Eligible Arrears <u>Market Interest Rate</u> <u>Freddie Mac PMMS 30yr Fixed</u> <u>Market Rate (rounded to nearest 1, Previous Partial Claims</u> Amount of Any Previous Partial Clain UPB at Time of Previous Partial Clain	\$ 2,100.00 \$ 600.00 \$ - \$ 3,590.56 \$ - \$ 250.00 \$ 6,540.56 /8) 5.00% m \$ 80,415.00 \$ 268,050.00	Step 2: Calculate Accured Arrears Step 3: Apply Partial Claim Resulting Balance Payment at 360 Months and 5% Target P&I Payment (25% Reduction) Step 4: Deferment Required to Meet Target Partial Claim Available for Further Deferment Resulting Further Deferment Resulting Further Deferment Partial Claim Amortizing Balance Rate Term	\$ 6,540.56 \$ - \$ 179,980.13 \$ 966.17 \$ 694.67 \$ 50,575.25 \$ - \$ 5 - \$ 5 - \$ 179,980.13 5.000% 360