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HIGHLIGHTS

Diversity

Minority- and Women-Owned Businesses Page 38

Weil Vendor Program To Be Recognized At Awards Luncheon

Interview: Stephen J. Dannhauser. Executive Partner, Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP and Selwyn Harry, Manager, Minority Vendor Program.

"Any or your readers who are interested in learning about NMBC and would like to attend the luncheon [Thursday, February 22] may contact NMBC President John Robinson at (2121573-2385 or Selwyn Harry at my firm."

Women In The Law

Outside Counsel Page 39

Promoting Diversity In Law Firms And Corporate Legal Departments Interview: Deborah Weinstein, Partner, Eckert Seamans Cherin & Mellott, L.L.C.

Firms need to bring women and minority attorneys into their culture, not only in terms of work assignments, but also by including them in social events."

Pro Bono Page 41

Advising The Poor Interview: Tanya M. Douglas, Supervising Attorney, MFY Legal Services.

"Although the amount of LSC funds has been accreasing, the number of poor people who need legal assistance has been increasing. This greatly impacts our ability to service clients."

Organization Administrators Page 42 Sustaining Excellence At The City Bar Interview: Barbara Berger Opotowsky, Executive Director, Association of the Bar of the City of New York

There has been a longstanding commitment by the Association to foster diversity with respect to gender, ethnicity and sexual preference in law firms, corporate legal departments, and other legal employers."

Community Welfare Organizations Page 43 A Satisfying Career Choice – Counseling An Organization That Serves Human Needs

Interview: Ellen R. Zimmerman, General Counsel, UJA Federation

"I can practice in a professionally challenging and fast paced environment, knowing that my work will ultimately benefit needy individuals in New York and overseas."

General Counsel - Consumer Protection Page 44

> Marketing Industry Issues Expert Plays Key Roie

> Interview: Lisa B. Dubrow, General Counsel, Consumer Protection, Synapse Group, Inc.

"The most vital role I play is not just to counsel after the fact but to he there at the inception of that great new idea and help shape that idea so that product development coincides with what the law allows."

A Successful Litigator Makes Time For Pro Bono

The Editor interviews Elizabeth S. Stong, Partner, Willkie Farr & Gallayher

Editor: Please describe your responsibilities at Willkie Farr.

Stong: I am a partner in the litigation department. I represent clients in federal and state civil cases and regulatory matters, including matters before the SEC, the U.S. Labor Department, and other administrative bodies. My practice emphasizes securities cases, complex commercial cases, and employment cases.

Editor: When did you develop an interest in pro-bono?

Stong: My interest in pro-bono goes back to the first case I ever worked on after law school. We represented the City and State of New York against the Census Bureau in an effort to correct the undercount of New York City's population in the 1980 decennial census. That case went to trial in early 1983, and was an example of a pro-bono case that addressed a large policy issue.

Another type of pro bono in which I have been involved is helping individuals with personal legal problems. As a summer associate, I helped to represent a woman who had been locked out of her apartment. She complained to her landlord that some repairs were done inadequately after a fire. Serious damage was covered over cosmetically, creating a dangerous situation.

As a very junior associate, I represented the plaintiff in a wrongful termination race discrimination case and got my first substantial deposition experience. A few years later, I argued a Second Circuit appeal in a civil rights case brought by a state prisoner and obtained a reversal of the dismissal of his Section 1983 case. More recently, I helped evict a drug dealer from a building in the South Bronx.

A third type of pro bono in which I have been involved involves educating people about their legal rights. Working with the New York City Bar Association, we prepared a tenant's guide to housing courts and a housing court video. One hundred thousand copies of that guide were distributed among the live boroughs of New York City. We focused on providing information for tenants so they can represent themselves as effectively as possible. Updated editions of the guide are still in use. More recently, I have served on the board of City Bar Fund Inc.

Editor: Do enough lawyers volunteer to do pro bono to meet the demand?



Elizabeth S. Stong

Stong: It would be wonderful if there were sufficient legal services funding to cover these needs, but funding is inadequate. So pro bono activity is absolutely essential, and there are never enough lawyers to meet the need. Even with this volunteer help, the unmet legal needs of the poor are significant. Pro bono work provides not only immense satisfaction, but also significant personal benefit. I had my first trial and deposition experience, and appellate argument, in pro bono cases.

Editor: How are you and Willkie Farr involved with MFY Legal Services?

Stong: MFY, one of New York City's leading organizations providing legal services to the poor, has been a significant pro bono activity at Willkie Farr for many years. An associate works on a three- to four-month rotation at MFY's office in lower Manhattan. The "Willkie" works alongside the MFY staff attorneys, leaving behind his or her firm caseload. Within days or weeks of arriving, the "Willkie" is actively engaged representing poor people in hearings and at trial. Firm attorneys also serve as guardians ad litem for MFY clients, and I serve on MFY's board.

Editor: How has MFY tried to expand its contacts with lawyers in private practice?

Stong: Last fall, we targeted an event for younger lawyers – including corporate, tax, and transactional lawyers as well as litigators – to introduce them to MFY. Mike Carroll, a Willkie associate and former MFY intern, recruited a terrific group to organize the event at a local club. Hundreds of lawyers and non-lawyers attended. We tapped into a wonderful source of energy and enthusiasm for the kinds of things that MFY is doing. We hope to capitalize on that energy with new projects to keep people involved.

Editor: Could the enthusiasm and interest of that group be harnessed to expand services to the poor?

Stong: We certainly hope so. One of our plans for the new year is to organize a new group called Team MFY. Team MFY will undertake three or four projects during the year. Members will be encouraged to participate in as many of these projects as they can, depending upon interest and availability. Flexibil-

Elizabeth Stong

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ity and be the key.

We are thinking about doing several things. Of course, there will be a second annual party in the fall, like last fall's event. We also want to do more frontline, "hands on" community service projects to provide direct help to MFY's clients – low-income, New York City residents.

One Team MFY project will be to encourage lawyers to volunteer as guardians ad litem by offering training to volunteers. MFY staff attorneys need lawyers and non-lawyers who can serve by appointment of the court as guardians ad litem for clients who suffer from disabilities that prevent them from making critical decisions. One example is the decision to apply for benefits, which could permit individuals to make rent payments and avoid existion. Fundamental life issues can be at

The training and time commitment involved in serving as a guardian ad litem is very manageable. In this role, Team MFY members will perform a real service to MFY's clients and have a very satisfying professional experience.

Another project we are considering is working with MFY staff lawyers to train Team MFY members to help people, principally women, in divorce proceedings. This is another area where many people who cannot afford a lawyer need guidance.

On the social side, we plan to make our tail benefit an annual event. And we hope to plan a holiday celebration and toy drive for MFY's clients.

Editor: How can lawyers fit this into their schedules when there are so many demands on their time these days?

Stong: We want to create user-friendly prohono opportunities for busy lawyers. By maximizing the flexibility in these profects, people interested in pro-bono will be able to fit a project into their schedule.

Editor: How does Wilkie encourage probono?

Stong: Willkie encourages pro bono in many ways. Willkie lawyers undertake a huge range of public service activities, not as senior associates, young partners and senior partners. We begin as early as our summer program where we encourage our summer associates to participate in pro bono cases in the office and to work with pro bono organizations outside of the office, including the Lawyers Committee for Human Rights and Brooklyn Legal Services, among others.

Many Willkie partners have significant roles in pro bono organizations. For example, Lou Craco founded and served as chair of Volunteers for Legal Service. Larry Kamin serves on the board of Legal Services of New York, Inc., and Joe Baio and Leslie Mazza have served on the board of Network for Women's Services, which was founded by former Willkie partner Cathy Douglass. Jeanne Luboja is on the board of Sanctuary for Families. Benito Romano serves on the board of the Puerto Rican Legal Defense and Education Fund. And Governor Cuomo is Co-Chair of Partnership for a Drug-Free America.

Several partners are active in educationrelated public service activities. Jack Nusbaum is Vice President of the Board of Prep for Prep. Dave McCabe helped found a children's library and served as its president for five years. Dick Sammis, Tony Schlesinger, Bill Grant, Gene Pinover, Dave Foster, and Yaacov Gross serve on boards of educational institutions. Tony is also on the board of St. Ann Center for Restoration and the Arts. Tonny Ho is on the board of Practicing Attorneys for Law Students Program, Inc. ("PALS"), which provides attorney mentors for minority law students.

Several partners are also involved with other organizations. Peter Schmidt chairs the board of City Harvest, and serves on several other boards. Rick Reinhold is on the board of The Adirondack Council, and we have represented the Council in constitutional litigation relating to the Adirondack Park. Ray Merritt is a director of the U.S. Fund for UNICEF, as well as the SoHo Partnership, which assists the homeless, and the Whitney and Norton Museums. Tom Cerabino is on the board of United Neighborhood Houses of New York. Steve Gartner is a director of The International Center, which works with immigrants. Bill Gump is on the board of United Way in New Jersey. Peter Jakes is on the board of SelfHelp Community Services, Inc., which works with the elderly, including aged Holocaust survivors. Dwight Ellis is on the board of Colony South Brooklyn Houses, a settlement house.

Editor: Do you think that pro bono enhances judicial and community perceptions of the firm?

Stong: Of course! Everything a firm does contributes to its professional reputation. That includes its commitment to pro bono, in all of these forms. And a firm's professional reputation is one of the most important things it brings to court or brings to the table every time it represents a client.

Editor: If the poor are not accorded

access to the justice system, could that have an erosive effect over time on the justice system itself?

Stong: It is important for poor people to have counsel on issues that are central to their lives. These include whether they are going to be allowed to live in this country, to stay in their homes, to get benefits to which they are entitled, and to get appropriate educational opportunities for their children.

Editor: What are some of the things people can do today if they are interested in learning more about some of the organizations you have mentioned?

Stong: Two of the organizations have wonderful web sites that describe their programs and pro bono opportunities in more detail. MFY Legal Services is at www.mfy.org and the City Bar Association is at www.abeny.org.

Editor: Would you like to comment on any pro bono issues that may be of particular interest to women or new lawyers?

Stong: Pro bono activity can be good for your career development. I was involved in my first trial as a second year associate in a pro bono case. I had my first argument in the Second Circuit as a fifth year associate in a pro bono case. I had the opportunity of working with the City Bar Association as a sixth year associate to draft and organize housing court information and learned how to run a meeting. There are so many ways in which you can acquire practical skills through the experience gained doing pro bono work. You miss out on a great professional development opportunity if you elect not to get involved.

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