

THE FHA WATERFALL WORKSHEET

A User's Guide

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I. About MFY's FHA Waterfall Worksheet

MFY's FHA Waterfall Worksheet (the "Worksheet") is designed to determine borrower eligibility for FHA home retention loss mitigation options based on the criteria set out in Attachment A of Mortgagee Letter 2013-32. The Worksheet provides detailed information about potential outcomes and creates evidence of loss mitigation eligibility to oppose wrongful denials. The Worksheet does not substitute for an understanding of FHA guidelines. The Worksheet only runs the waterfall described in Attachment A. It does not consider other restrictions such as previous modifications, owner occupancy, etc. It also does not consider a borrower for loss mitigation options that do not require mathematical calculations, such as Special Forbearance.

The Worksheet is compatible with Excel 2007 and newer. It is not compatible with Excel 2003 or older. Unfortunately, these versions of Excel do not support the layers of conditional formatting on which the Worksheet relies.

The Worksheet is available at http://www.mfy.org/wp-content/uploads/Waterfall-Worksheet-FHA.xlsx. The Worksheet was created by Aaron Jacobs-Smith and Joseph Rebella of MFY Legal Services, Inc. It is maintained and updated by Joseph Rebella. If you have any comments or questions regarding the Worksheet, you can contact Joseph Rebella by emailing jrebella@mfy.org.

II. <u>Introduction to FHA Loss Mitigation</u>

A. History and Functions of the Federal Housing Administration

Congress created FHA in 1934.¹ The FHA became a part of the Department of Housing and Urban Development's (HUD) Office of Housing in 1965.² The purpose of FHA is to

 2 Id.

¹ HUD – Federal Housing Administration,

http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD?src=/program_offices/housing/fhahistory (last visited Feb. 5, 2013).

encourage homeownership by relaxing some traditional underwriting principles and insuring lenders against the credit risks of FHA mortgages.³ FHA is entirely self-funding and receives income from mortgage insurance premiums paid by the borrower.⁴ It currently has 4.8 million insured single family mortgages in its portfolio.⁵ Because FHA bears the credit risk of the loans it insures, FHA mortgages are subject to FHA's underwriting and loss mitigation guidance.

Unlike conventional loans, which are generally securitized into Freddie Mac, Fannie Mae or private label security pools, FHA-insured loans are almost always securitized into Ginnie Mae loan pools. Ginnie Mae, the anthropomorphized name of the Government National Mortgage Association, is a wholly-owned government corporation within HUD that securitizes loans backed by FHA, the Department of Veterans Affairs Home Loan Program, the Office of Public and Indian Housing, and the U.S. Department of Agriculture Rural Development. When it securitizes these loans, Ginnie Mae insures them with the full faith and credit of the United States. Because the vast majority of FHA loans are securitized by Ginnie Mae, FHA origination and loss mitigation is shaped by Ginnie Mae's securitization policies. Many of the features that distinguish FHA-HAMP from MHA HAMP and GSE HAMP reflect requirements under Ginnie Mae's pooling regulations.

Advocates can determine if a borrower has an FHA insured loan by looking at the first page of the subject mortgage, on which an FHA case number will be labeled and boxed.

³ *Id*.

⁴ *Id*.

⁵ Id

⁶ See Ginnie Mae, FAQ, http://www.ginniemae.gov (select "FAQ", then enter "How are the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) and Ginnie Mae connected?" into the Keyword search box) (stating that Ginnie Mae securitizes "more than 98 percent of FHA mortgages") (last visited Sept. 9, 2013).

⁷ Ginnie Mae, Single-Family Program,

http://www.ginniemae.gov/products_programs/programs/Pages/single_family_program.aspx (last visited Feb. 5, 2013).

⁸ Ginnie Mae, Mortgage-Back Securities (MBS) Guide § 1-6.

B. **Sources of FHA Rules**

Mortgagees are required to follow FHA's servicing guidelines, including its loss mitigation standards, and failure to do so can result in the imposition of civil penalties.⁹ Paragraph 9 of the form FHA mortgage requires compliance with HUD regulations, ¹⁰ and the regulations themselves state that loss mitigation must be conducted prior to initiating a foreclosure action. 11 Unlike the Treasury Department's Home Affordable Modification Program ("HAMP") and the Government-Sponsored Enterprise ("GSE") loss mitigation rules, FHA's servicer guidelines are not codified in a single handbook. Instead, FHA mortgage servicing guidelines are published in the Code of Federal Regulations, ¹² the HUD Handbook 4330.1, REV-5, 13 and FAQs and mortgagee letters, which are on the Department of Housing and Urban Development's (HUD) website. 14 A violation of the guidance from any one of these three sources can result in retributive administrative action. ¹⁵ Generally, the mortgagee letters contain the most current guidance.

III. FHA Loss Mitigation

FHA regulations and mortgagee letters require that lenders engage in loss mitigation. In fact, servicers must be proactive in soliciting delinquent borrowers for loss mitigation and must make affirmative efforts to cure a default. What follows is a description of FHA's home retention

⁹ 24 C.F.R. § 203.500 (2013).

¹⁰ See U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Lender's Guide to the Single Family Mortgage Insurance Process Handbook (4155.2), ch. 12, sec. A (March 24, 2011), available at http://l.usa.gov/VZx7S4 (stating "[t]his Security Instrument does not authorize acceleration or foreclosure if not permitted by regulations of the Secretary.")

¹¹ See 24 C.F.R. § 203.606 (2013). ¹² *Id*.

¹³ HUD Handbook 4330.1, REV-5, Administration of Insured Home Mortgages, available at http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD?src=/program offices/administration/hudclips/handbooks/hsgh/4330.1 (the Handbook was last updated September 29, 1994).

¹⁴ 14 The mortgage letters can be found by visiting

http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD?src=/program offices/administration/hudclips/letters/mortgagee.

¹⁵ 24 C.F.R. § 25.6(j) (2012).

loss mitigation options. Non- retention options, such as deeds in lieu and pre-foreclosure sales, are not covered. This section begins with a review of the most significant FHA loss mitigation eligibility requirements and then turns to the loss mitigation programs themselves, offering a detailed account of each workout option.

A. FHA Loss Mitigation Eligibility Requirements

In addition to the economic eligibility requirements for each individual loss mitigation option, FHA loss mitigation provides several eligibility requirements. First, the property for which loss mitigation is sought must be borrower owned, and it must be the borrower's primary residence. FHA does not offer an analog to Treasury's HAMP's Tier 2 or the GSE Standard Modification programs, which allow modifications on rental properties.

Second, the mortgage must be at least 12 month old, as measured from the date of the first payment.¹⁷ Third, the borrower must have made four full payments on the loan.¹⁸ These two requirements do not apply to forbearance plans.

Fourth, a borrower can only receive one post-Mortgagee Letter 2012-22 modification in a two year period. ¹⁹ To be clear, the restriction only applies to modifications issued according to the terms outlined in Mortgagee Letter 2012-22 or later. If a borrower received an FHA modification prior to the issuance of Mortgagee Letter 2012-22—November 16, 2012—the two-year wait time does not apply. ²⁰

¹⁶ U.S. Dep't of Hous. and Urban Dev. (hereinafter "HUD"), Mortgagee Letter 2009-23, Attachment – Guidelines for FHA HAMP, at 1 (July 30, 2009).

¹⁷ HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2009-23, Attachment – Guidelines for FHA HAMP, at 2 (July 30, 2009).

¹⁸ *Id*.

¹⁹ HUD, Mortgagee Letter, 2013-32, at 2 (Sept. 20, 2013); HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2012-22, at 2 (Nov. 16, 2012). ²⁰ HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2013-03, at ¶ 4 (Jan. 31, 2013).

Fifth, borrowers who defaulted on a trial payment plan can only reapply for a modification if there has been a change in their financial circumstances from the time they previously applied for a modification.²¹

It is important to note one eligibility criterion that does not apply to FHA loans. The requirement that a loan be originated on or before January 1, 2009 applies only to loans reviewed for Treasury's HAMP.²² No such rule appears in FHA guidance, and HUD states specifically that HAMP rules should not be used to address issues not covered by HUD's guidance. ²³ The only impact of this rule will be on servicers, who will not be eligible for Treasury FHA-HAMP incentive payments for modifications on loans originated prior to the cutoff date.²⁴

B. **FHA Loss Mitigation Terms**

The Market Rate is the interest rate charged on all FHA loan modifications. ²⁵ This rate is calculated by taking the 30 year Freddie Mac Weekly Primary Mortgage Market Survey (PMMS) Rate, ²⁶ adding a 25 basis points risk adjustment, and then rounding the result to the nearest 0.125%. 27 FHA does not offer the stepped rate mortgage available under Treasury's HAMP because such a mortgage would not conform to Ginnie Mae's mortgage requirements for fixed or adjustable rate mortgages. 28

²¹ HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2013-32, at p. 2 (Sept. 30, 2013).

²² Making Home Affordable Program, Handbook for Servicers of Non-GSE Mortgages, Ch. II, § 1.1.1 Basic HAMP Eligibility Criteria (version 4.3, 2013).

23 HUD, Questions and Answers: ML 09-23 / FHA-Home Affordable Modification Program and Subsequent

Guidance, at 1 (Sept. 12, 2012).

²⁴ Making Home Affordable Program, Handbook for Servicers of Non-GSE Mortgages, Ch. VI, § 2.1Treasury FHA-HAMP (version 4.3, 2013).

²⁵ *Id.* at p. 4, n. 2.

²⁶ Found at http://www.freddiemac.com/pmms/.

²⁷ See HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2013-32, at p. 4, n. 2 (Sept. 30, 2013).

²⁸ See Ginnie Mae, Mortgage-Back Securities (MBS) Guide § 24-2(A)(1)(c) (requiring that fixed rate mortgages maintain a constant rate); Ginnie Mae, Mortgage-Back Securities (MBS) Guide § 26-2, (A) (3) (requiring that adjustable rate mortgages be periodically adjusted to an index).

FHA-HAMP loan modifications are built around the borrower's target payment. The target payment is calculated through a series of steps. Briefly, one must begin by finding the following values: (1) 31% of gross income, (2) 80% of the current mortgage payment, and (3) 25% of gross income. Next, take the greater of (2) and (3), compare that value to (1), and take the lesser of the two.²⁹ This is the target payment.

FHA loss mitigation outcomes depend, in part, on the borrower's net and surplus incomes. Net income is the borrower's effective take home pay. ³⁰ It can be calculated by subtracting payroll deductions from the borrower's gross monthly income. Surplus income is the amount of money that the borrower has after covering other obligations and living expenses. ³¹ It can be calculated by subtracting the borrower's out-of-pocket expenses from the borrower's net income. Because calculation of both surplus and net income requires extensive information about the borrower's expenses, evaluation for FHA loss mitigation, unlike Treasury's HAMP or GSE loss mitigation, requires the determination of a detailed monthly budget for the borrower.

C. FHA Loss Mitigation Options

FHA loss mitigation follows a three-step hierarchy. Borrowers are first evaluated for forbearance plans, which are subdivided into Informal Forbearance, Formal Forbearance and Special Forbearance. If the borrower is not eligible for a forbearance plan, then the borrower is evaluated for an FHA Loan Modification. Borrowers not eligible for a forbearance plan or an FHA Loan Modification are evaluated for FHA-HAMP.³² An exception arises when the borrower's surplus income is less than \$300 or 15% of the borrower's net income.³³ Where

²⁹ HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2013-32, Attachment A (Sept. 30, 2013).

³⁰ HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2013-32, at p. 7 (Sept. 30, 2013).

³¹ HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2000-05, at 11 (Jan. 1, 2000).

³² HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2013-32, at p. 3 (Sept. 30, 2013).

³³ *Id.* at Attachment A - FHA Loss Mitigation Home Retention Option Priority Order (Waterfall).

either condition holds, a borrower bypasses review for a Formal Forbearance and FHA Loan Modification, leaving FHA-HAMP as the only available loss mitigation option.³⁴

1. Forbearance Plans

FHA forbearance plans often function like repayment plans. The Informal Forbearance plan is an oral agreement covering a period of 3 months or less, during which the borrower is expected to bring the loan current. 35 A Formal Forbearance plan is a written agreement lasting more than 3 months, but fewer than 6 months, and here too the borrower must pay off the arrears. ³⁶ To be eligible for a Formal Forbearance plan, the borrower's surplus income must be greater than \$300 and 15% of net income, and 85% of the borrower's surplus income must be sufficient to cure the arrears within the 6 month period.³⁷ Unlike all other FHA loss mitigation options, to qualify for an Informal or Formal Forbearance, a delinquent borrower need not show a loss of income or increase in expenses.³⁸

The Special Forbearance plan is the only form of FHA forbearance which does not require the borrower to bring the loan current. Special Forbearance plans are offered to borrowers who are unemployed and at least three payments behind on their mortgage. ³⁹ The plans must be in writing, reduce or suspend mortgage payments, allow for up to at least 12 months of relief, and the borrower must be evaluated at the end of the forbearance period for a loss mitigation option that will cure the default. 40

³⁴ Note that Mortgagee Letter 2013-32 states that satisfaction of this condition is an FHA-HAMP eligibility requirement. Such a requirement would be inconsistent with the Mortgagee Letter 2013-32, Attachment A waterfall. If satisfaction of the condition were in fact required for FHA-HAMP, then any borrower considered for a Loan Modification but found to be ineligible would never be reviewed for FHA-HAMP.

³⁵ HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2013-32, at p. 2 (Sept. 30, 2013);

³⁶ *Id.* at p. 2, Attachment A.

³⁷ *Id*.

³⁸ *Id.* at p. 2.

³⁹ *Id.* at p. 3. ⁴⁰ *Id.*

2. FHA Loan Modification

Borrowers who have experienced a verifiable loss of income or increase in expenses, but are ineligible for a forbearance plan, must be reviewed for a FHA Loan Modification. An FHA Loan Modification capitalizes any arrears, sets the interest rate at the Market Rate and reamortizes the loan over 30 years. Legal fees and foreclosure costs can be capitalized, but late fees may not be charged and HUD will only reimburse legal fees up to a set maximum. Term extension is limited to 30 years due to HUD regulations and because 30 years is the maximum allowable term for a modified mortgage in a Ginnie Mae mortgage pool. To be eligible for a FHA Loan Modification, the borrower must be in default, and an adjustment to the borrower's mortgage terms in the manner described must reduce the borrower's monthly payment by \$100 and 10%. Additionally, as mentioned *supra*, a borrower must have surplus income of at least \$300 and 15% of net income.

3. FHA-HAMP

Borrowers ineligible for the above-mentioned loss mitigation options will be reviewed for FHA-HAMP. Like an FHA Loan Modification, FHA-HAMP requires that the borrower have experienced a verifiable loss of income or increase in expenses. ⁴⁹ FHA-HAMP also requires that the first payment on the loan was due at least a year prior to evaluation and that the borrower has

⁴¹ *Id.* at p. 4.

⁴² *Id.* at p. 4, Attachment A.

⁴³ HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2008-21, at 2 (Aug. 14, 2008); HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2005-30, Attachment 3 (July 12, 2005).

⁴⁴ 24 C.F.R. § 203.616.

⁴⁵ See Ginnie Mae, Mortgage-Back Securities (MBS) Guide § 24-2(A)(2)(c).

⁴⁶ Only forbearance and FHA-HAMP is available to loans in imminent risk of default. HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2010-04, at 1 (Jan. 22, 2010).

⁴⁷ HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2013-32, at p. 4, Attachment A.

⁴⁸ *Id*.

⁴⁹ *Id.* at p. 5.

made at least 4 payments.⁵⁰ But unlike the FHA Loan Modification, borrowers in imminent risk of default are eligible for FHA-HAMP,⁵¹ and borrowers are explicitly required to provide individually signed hardship affidavits.⁵² Within FHA-HAMP, loss mitigation takes three distinct forms: the Stand-Alone Partial Claim, the Stand-Alone Loan Modification and a modification coupled with a Partial Claim.

The Partial Claim is unique to FHA loans. It is a credit insurance claim that HUD pays out to the lender under the terms of the FHA program to bring the loan current. ⁵³ Because the payment is in an amount less than the total insured mortgage balance, it is considered a "Partial Claim." A Partial Claim can be used to cover arrears, legal fees, foreclosure related costs, and principal deferment. ⁵⁴ It creates a second mortgage payable to HUD, on which no interest is charged, that comes due with the first mortgage or when the borrower no longer owns the property. ⁵⁵ When a Partial Claim is awarded, the lender advances the funds to the borrower, and then HUD reimburses the lender and provides an incentive payment. ⁵⁶ The size of a Partial Claim is limited to 30% of the unpaid principal balance at the time the borrower defaulted less the amount of any previously awarded Partial Claim. ⁵⁷ If the mortgage arrears exceed the maximum Partial Claim amount, the borrower will be required to secure the funds necessary to

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⁵⁰ See Mortgagee Letter 2009-23, Attachment - Guidelines for FHA-HAMP, p. 2 (July 30, 2009).

⁵¹ HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2010-04, at p. 1 (Jan. 22, 2010).

⁵² HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2013-32, at p. 5 (Sept. 30, 2013).

⁵³ HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2000-05, at p. 23 (Jan. 1, 2000).

⁵⁴ HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2012-22, at 5 (Nov. 16, 2012). Here too, late fees must be waived and legal fees are capped. HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2008-21, at 2 (Aug. 14, 2008); HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2005-30, Attachment 3 (July 12, 2005).

⁵⁵ HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2003-19, at p. 1 (Nov. 10, 2003).

⁵⁶ *Id.* at p. 2.

⁵⁷ HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2013-32, at p. 5 (Sept. 30, 2013).

pay the arrears not covered. Borrowers who are unable to do so will be found ineligible for FHA-HAMP. Under FHA-HAMP, arrears cannot be capitalized into a new loan balance. ⁵⁸

A Stand-Alone Partial Claim is available where the terms of the mortgage are otherwise favorable, but the borrower needs help reinstating the mortgage. To qualify for a Stand-Alone Partial Claim, three conditions must be met: (1) the current interest rate on the loan is at or below the Market Rate; (2) borrower's current payment is at or below the target payment, which is defined below; and (3) the borrower meets all FHA-HAMP eligibility requirements. ⁵⁹ Given the requirements that the interest rate be low and the payments affordable, the Stand-Alone Partial Claim is likely designed to assist borrowers who have fallen behind on loans previously modified. A borrower who receives a Stand-Alone Partial claim will receive a Partial Claim in an amount sufficient to reinstate the mortgage. The terms of the mortgage will not be changed.

Borrowers who do not qualify for a Stand-Alone Partial Claim are evaluated for a Stand-Alone Loan Modification. A Stand-Alone Loan Modification is identical to a FHA Loan Modification. The arrears are capitalized, the term is extended to 360 months and the interest rate is set to the Market Rate. If this modification produces a payment at or below the borrower's target payment, then the borrower will receive this modification. If this modification is insufficient to reach the target payment, then the loan is evaluated under the next step of the waterfall.

In the next step, the available Partial Claim is used to write down the amortizing principal balance to the extent necessary to reach the target payment. If the Partial Claim remaining is

⁵⁸ See HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2013-32, Attachment A (Sept. 30, 2013).

⁵⁹ *Id.* at p. 4.

⁶⁰ HUD, ML 2012-22 and ML 2013-32 FAQ at p. 3 (Feb. 12, 2013).

⁶¹ HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2013-32 at p. 5 (Sept. 30, 2013); *see also* HUD, ML 2012-22 and ML 2013-32 FAQ at p. 3 (Feb. 12, 2013). All subsequent references in this section are to HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2013-32, Attachment A.

sufficient, then the remaining interest- bearing principal balance is amortized over 30 years at the Market Rate. This calculation results in a payment at the borrower's target. If the remaining Partial Claim is insufficient, then the loan is evaluated under the last step of the waterfall.

The last step of the waterfall increases the monthly payment to an amount necessary to pay off the amortizing principal balance remaining after using the entire Partial Claim. FHA allows for a modification that creates a payment above the target, so long as it does not give the borrower a front-end DTI above 40%. DTI is calculated by dividing the borrower's total monthly payment (including taxes, insurance, MIP, and condo/HOA fees) by the borrower's gross monthly income. If a payment equal to 40% of the borrower's gross monthly income is insufficient to cover the amortizing principal balance, then the borrower is not eligible for FHA-HAMP.

IV. Using the FHA Waterfall Worksheet

A. Introduction

The FHA Waterfall Worksheet consists of four tabs of inputs and outputs. Within each of the tabs, the cells are color coded. Blue Cells must be filled in by the user. Yellow Cells indicate the cell is showing the result of a calculation. Green Cells indicate that the cell is showing the contents of another cell, often located on another tab. Purple Cells indicate that the cell is showing an important or final calculation result.

B. Waterfall Inputs

The inputs to the FHA Waterfall Worksheet are spread on two separate tabs, the "Budget" tab and the "Other Inputs" tab.

1. <u>Income Inputs</u>

The income inputs are found on the "Budget" tabs. These inputs consist of the following

cells for both the borrower and a co-borrower. Users can leave the co-borrower inputs blank if there is only one borrower on the account.

- *Timing of Employment Income* provides six options as to when the borrower is paid to calculate monthly employment income.
 - Weekly borrower is paid once a week.
 - o *Biweekly* borrower is paid once every two weeks.
 - o Bimonthly borrower is paid twice a month.
 - o *Monthly* borrower has a monthly pay figure.
 - o Annual borrower has an annual pay figure.
 - YTD ("Year-To-Date") borrower has a figure showing total paid to-date over the year.
- Enter Date of YTD only available if Timing of Employment Income is set to YTD. Date of YTD requires the pay date used in the YTD figure.
- *Employment Income* borrower's gross employment income over the timeframe selected in Timing of Employment Income.
- *Contribution* money provided on a monthly basis to the borrower from a non-borrower occupant for payment of the mortgage.
- Untaxed Income monthly income that is not subject to federal income tax.
 Examples include SSI, SNAP, VA benefits and adoption assistance payments.
 The worksheet will automatically gross up untaxed income by 25%.
- *Fixed Income* taxable income received on a monthly basis. Examples include SSA, SSD and pension payments.

- *Rental Income* income received from renting units in the primary residence. The worksheet will automatically adjust the rental income down by 25%.
- Deductions from Paycheck the amount taken out of the borrower's paycheck over the timeframe selected above at Timing of Employment Income.

2. <u>Monthly Expenses</u>

FHA offers little to no guidance about which expenses must be tallied. The list of expenses provided on the "Budget" tab errs on the side of including more than is likely required. ⁶² The expense information is used to determine if the borrower qualifies for a forbearance plan or an FHA Loan Modification.

3. Mortgage Information

Inputs related to the mortgage are found in the "Other Inputs" tab. The mortgage information inputs consist of the following cells, all related to the mortgage account.

- Loan Type the type of interest rate. If the loan has a fixed rate, then select "Fixed Rate." If the borrower has an adjustable rate mortgage, select "ARM."
- Current Monthly P&I Payment available only when the mortgage has an adjustable rate. This cell requests the amount of monthly principal and interest payments currently due.
- *Original Principal* the amount of principal borrowed.
- *Term* term of the loan in months.
- Current Interest Rate the interest rate currently being charged on the loan.
- Date of First Payment day that the first payment on the loan is due. This date is

⁶² The closest HUD comes to offering concrete guidance is in Mortgagee Letter 2000-05, which says, "The lender may request that [detailed financial] information be submitted on Form HUD-92068 F, Request for Financial Information, or on a similar form provided by the lender." HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2000-05 (Jan. 1, 2000). Although Form HUD-92068 F is no longer available on HUD's website, it can be found on other non-HUD affiliated websites. All expenses listed on HUD-92068 F are included in the Worksheet.

- later than the date of origination.
- *Monthly Property Taxes* amount of property taxes due on a monthly basis, corresponding to the "T" in PITIA.
- Monthly Homeowner's Insurance cost of homeowner's insurance due on a monthly basis, corresponding to the second "I" in PITIA.
- Monthly Association Fees cost of homeowner's association fees due on a monthly basis, corresponding to the "A" in PITIA.
- Known MIP? asks whether or not the user knows the borrower's current
 Mortgage Insurance Premium paid to FHA. If not, the Worksheet can estimate
 the monthly MIP payment.
- *Upfront MIP Financed?* only appears when the MIP is not known. An upfront charge is assessed on FHA loans which can be paid outright at origination, or financed by rolling the charge into the principal balance. If it is financed, FHA will exclude the charge from the calculation of the loan amount that must be insured through MIP payments.
- Original Value only appears when the MIP is not known and asks for the value of the home at the time of mortgage origination.
- Original Interest Rate only appears when the MIP is not known and asks for the interest rate at the time of mortgage origination.
- *UPB* ("Unpaid Principal Balance") Information information the user has regarding the UPB, provides three options:
 - Capitalized UPB user has both the UPB at the time of default and the arrears to be capitalized. Such capitalization would include interest arrears and bona fide foreclosure-related costs, but not late fees.
 - UPB at Default user has both the UPB at the time of default, but not the total capitalizable arrears. The worksheet will calculate interest arrears

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based on the amount of the UPB at Default and time since default, assuming a fixed interest rate.

O Default Date Only – borrower only knows the default date. The worksheet will calculate UPB and interest arrears based on the amortization schedule of the mortgage, assuming a fixed rate thirty year amortization.

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- Note both the UPB at Default and Default Date Only option calculate tax, insurance and association (collectively "TIA") arrears assuming a concurrent default and fixed costs. This creates three potential calculation inaccuracies. First, an inaccuracy will result if the TIA costs have changed since the default. Second, borrowers, especially those without escrow accounts, may continue to pay some of the TIA costs past the date on which they default of their mortgage. Finally, most TIA costs are not incurred monthly, creating a problem when the charges are evened out on a monthly basis. For example, a borrower who pays for a year of insurance and then defaults for 10 months will have no actual insurance arrears, but the worksheet will indicate the depleting value of the policy and show the borrower as having 10 months of insurance arrears. If the amount of TIA arrears is known and varies from the amount estimated by the worksheet, make adjustments in the foreclosure fees section to even out the numbers.
- Default Date only appears when the user does not have the Capitalized UPB and asks the date of the first missed payment.
- Allowable Fees and Costs only appears when the user does not have the

- Capitalized UPB and asks the amount of capitalizable fees and costs. ⁶³
- Freddie Mac PMMS 30yr Fixed requests the current Freddie Mac Primary Mortgage Market Survey for 30 year fixed rate loans. This rate is available by clicking the link on the input title.
- Maximum Risk Adjustment the risk adjustment added to the PMMS to create
 the Market Rate. Currently, this number is 0.25%. The Worksheet will be
 updated if this changes.
- Amount of Any Previous Partial Claim the total amount of any Partial Claims already granted on this mortgage.

C. Waterfall Outputs

The Waterfall's outputs are divided between two tabs: the "FHA Waterfall" tab and the "Workout Results" tab. The FHA Waterfall tab displays the relevant calculations described in Section III.C, *supra*. The Workout Results tab summarizes the results in the FHA Waterfall tab. If the borrower is eligible for a modification, then it displays the expected post-modification PITIA payment, P&I payment, interest bearing principal balance, Partial Claim awarded, interest rate and term. If the borrower is not eligible for a modification, then the Worksheet will display the amount of gross monthly income required for a modification.

V. FHA Loss Mitigation Examples

The following examples use variations on a set of facts to demonstrate the differences between FHA's loss mitigation programs and illustrate use of the Worksheet.

⁶³ HUD defines reasonable attorney fees for each state, setting a maximum amount it will reimburse lenders for bringing a foreclosure action. HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2005-30, Single Family Foreclosure Policy and Procedural Changes (2005). In New York City, for instance, \$1,850 is deemed a reasonable attorney fee for a foreclosure. HUD, Mortgagee Letter 2005-30, Attachment 3 - HUD Schedule of Standard Attorney's Fees (2005).

A. FHA Loan Modification

Gaspard Winckler purchased his home for \$210,000 on June 23, 2005. He financed the purchase using an FHA-insured mortgage for \$200,000. At the closing, Mr. Winckler paid the upfront mortgage insurance premium and a \$10,000 down payment out of his savings. Mr. Winckler's first payment was due on August 1, 2005. His mortgage has a fixed interest rate of 8.5% and principal and interest payments of \$1,537.83. Mr. Winckler made his payments on time until June 2013, when he was laid off of his job. Recently, Mr. Winckler obtained a new job, from which he earns approximately \$3,876.70 a month. He also rents out a unit in his home for \$1,600 a month. This gives Mr. Winckler a gross income of \$5,076.70. He pays \$305 a month in property taxes and \$128.50 a month for homeowner's insurance. At the time of default, his monthly mortgage insurance premium was \$75.87. After factoring in his living expenses and paycheck deductions, his net income is \$4,676.70, and his surplus income is \$2,238.51. Mr. Winckler's FHA Waterfall Worksheet follows.

Because Mr. Winckler's surplus income is greater than \$300 and 15% of his net income, the Worksheet tests to see if he can cure the default over a period of six months by allocating 85% of his surplus income to the arrears. Here, Mr. Winckler's combined arrears, fees and costs exceed the amount that he can pay over six months. Since he cannot cure the default in six months, the worksheet evaluates Mr. Winckler for an FHA Loan Modification.

In an FHA Loan Modification, the capitalized UPB is amortized at the Market Rate over 30 years. An FHA Loan Modification must reduce the PITIA payment (principal, interest, taxes, insurance, association fees and MIP) by both 10% and \$100. Here, it produces a monthly PITIA payment of \$1,661.05. The proposed modification would reduce his payment by \$386.14, which is 18.86% of his previous PITIA, so Mr. Winckler receives the FHA Loan Modification.

MONTHLY INC	OME	MONTHLY EXPENSES		
		MONTHET EXP		
Borrower Gross Mont	thly Income	Housing Evnenge		
Timing of Employment Income	Monthly	Housing Expenses Second Mortgage/Home Equity	\$ -	
rinning of Employment income	Worlding		\$ -	
	\$ 3,876.70	Other Mortgage		
Employment Income		Property Maintenance		
Monthly Employment Income Contribution	\$ 3,876.70 \$ -	Time Share Property	\$ -	
Intaxed Income	\$ -	Water/Sewage	\$ 120.00 \$ 90.00	
SSI, Food Stamps, etc.	•	Heating/Electricity	\$ 90.00	
SSI, Food Stamps, etc.	\$ - \$ -	Other loans		
Fixed Income	\$ -	Credit Cards	\$ -	
SSA / SSD / Pension	\$ -	Student Loan	\$ -	
SSA / SSD / Pension	5	Automobile Loan		
Contal income	\$ 1,600.00		\$ 31.00 \$ -	
Rental income		Other Loan	5 -	
Reduced by 2	5% \$ 1,200.00	Danasalli isina Espanasa		
Monthly Subtotal	\$ 5.076.70	Personal/Living Expenses	\$ -	
Monthly Subtotal	\$ 5,076.70	Cable TV/Satellite	Ψ	
aduations from Bauch - al-		Telephone/Pager/Mobile Phone	\$ 50.00	
Deductions from Paycheck		Online Service Groceries/Food	\$ 70.00	
Todorol Incomo To:	450.00		\$ -	
Federal Income Tax	\$ 150.00	Clothing	\$ -	
State Income Tax	\$ 70.00	Spending Money	\$ -	
FICA (SS / Medicare)	\$ 80.00	Life Insurance	\$ -	
Other Taxes	\$ -	Health Insurance	\$ -	
Pension/Retirement	\$ 100.00	Prescription Drugs	\$ -	
Jnion Dues	\$ -	Medical/Dental Expenses	\$ -	
Other Deductions:	\$ -	Alimony/Child Support	\$ -	
Other Deductions: Subtotal	\$ 400.00	Child Care	\$ - \$ -	
	\$ 400.00	School Tuition		
Monthly Total	\$ 400.00	Transportation		
		Automobile Insurance Automobile Gasoline		
Co Borrower Cross Mo	nthh. In come		17/27	
Co-Borrower Gross Mo	ntiny income	Automobile Parking	\$ -	
Timing of Employment Income		Miscellaneous		
	,	Religious/Charitable Contribution	\$ -	
Employment Income	\$ -	Other Expense:	\$ -	
Monthly Employment Income	\$ -	Other Expense:	\$ -	
Fixed Income		Other Expense:	\$ -	
SSA / SSD / Pension	\$ -	Other Expense:	\$ -	
Intaxed Income		Other Expense:	\$ -	
SSI, Food Stamps, etc.	\$ -			
, 3.00.1100, 310.	\$ -	Total Expenses	\$ 391.00	
Monthly Subtotal	-			
Deductions from Paycheck				
Federal Income Tax	\$ -			
State Income Tax	\$ -			
FICA (SS / Medicare)	\$ -			
Other Taxes	\$ -			
Pension/Retirement	\$ -			
Jnion Dues	\$ -			
Other Deductions:	\$ -			
Other Deductions:	\$ -			
Subtotal	\$ -			
Monthly Total	\$ -			
vioritiny rotal				
FOTAL GROSS MONTHLY INCOM	IE \$ 5,076.70			

Gaspard Winckler FHA Waterfall

Run on: 2/24/2014

MORTGAGE INFORM	MATION	BORROWER II	NFORMATION
an Terms		Borrower Monthly Surplus Inc	come Calculation
an Type	Fixed Rate		
		Gross Monthly Income	\$ 5,076.70
ginal Principal	\$ 200,000.00	Total Monthly Deductions	\$ 400.00
rm (in months)	360	Net Income	\$ 4,676.70
rrent Interest Rate	8.500%		
te of First Payment	8/1/2005	Monthly Living Expenses	\$ 391.00
nthly Property Taxes	\$ 305.00	PITIA (see mortgage info.)	\$ 2,047.19
nthly Homeowner's Insurance	\$ 128.50	Total Expenses	\$ 2,438.19
nthly Association Fees	\$ -	recombined and contract the contract of the co	
own MIP?	No	Net Income	\$ 4,676.70
front MIP Financed?	No	Total Expenses	\$ 2,438.19
ginal Value	\$ 210,000.00	Total Surplus Income	\$ 2,238.51
imated MIP	\$ 75.87		
ncipal & Interest	\$ 1,537.83		
TIA	\$ 2,047.19		
ears and Unpaid Principal Balance			
B Information:	Only Default Date		
timate Arrears and UPB at Default:			
fault Date	6/1/2013		
day's Date	2/24/2014		
al Months in Default	9		
UPB at Default	\$ 181,716.68		
xes in Arrears	\$ 2,745.00		
urance Arrears	\$ 1,156.50		
sociation Fee Arrears	\$ -		
erest Arrears	\$ 12,557.74		
P Arrears	\$ 682.80		
owable Fees & Costs	\$ 1,000.00		
tal Eligible Arrears	\$ 18,142.04		
rket Interest Rate			
eddie Mac PMMS 30yr Fixed	4.33%		
ximum Risk Adjustment	0.25%		
rket Rate (rounded to nearest 1/8)	4.625%		
evious Partial Claims			
ount of Any Previous Partial Claims	\$ -		

Gaspard Winckler FHA Waterfall Run on: 2/24/2014

	_FHA WA	TERFALL
	THA WA	TERFALL
INITIAL ASSISTANCE SCREENS		
INTIAL ACCIOTANCE CONCENT		
Is surplus income greater than \$300 and 15% of net income?		
Surplus income	\$ 2,238.51	
15% of net income	\$ 701.51	
Result	Yes	
Continue	30	
Is 85% surplus income sufficient to cure arrears in 6 months?		
Arrears, fees, & costs	\$ 18,142.04	
85% of surplus income	\$ 1,902.73	
Months to cure arrears w/ of 85% surplus income	10	
Result	No	
Continue		
LOAN MODIFICATION		
	· · ·	
Will modification reduce PITIA by more than 10% AND \$100?	22	
Current PITIA	\$ 2,047.19	
Market rate	4.625%	
Capitalized UPB	\$ 199,858.720	
PITIA at market rate, 30 yr term, & capitalized UPB	\$ 1,661.05	
Percent reduction	18.86%	
Amount of reduction	\$ 386.14	
Result	Yes	
STOP, borrower eligibile for modification. See next sheet for	terms.	
V055		
erant with EAO for MI 2012 22		MEVI and Carriage Inc. in Promision, EUA West of White della
rent with FAQ for ML 2013-32		MFY Legal Services, Inc.'s Proprietary FHA Waterfall Worksh

Gaspard Winckler FHA Waterfall

Run on: 2/24/2014

Tull on. 2/24/2014				
	FHA WORKOU	JT TER	RMS	
	FHA Traditional Loan Mo	odificatio	n	
	Monthly PITIA	\$	1,661.05	
	Monthly P&I	\$	1,027.55	
	Interest Bearing Principal	\$	199,858.72	
	Partial Claim	\$	<u> </u>	
	Interest Rate		4.625%	
	Remaining Term	V.	360	
Current with FAQ for ML 2013-32		MFY Legal	Services, Inc.'s I	Proprietary FHA Waterfall Worksheet

For questions or comments about this worksheet, please contact Joseph Rebella.

B. FHA- HAMP Stand-Alone Partial Claim

Georges Morellet also purchased his home for \$210,000 on June 23, 2005 and financed the purchase using an FHA-insured mortgage for \$200,000. At the closing, he paid the upfront mortgage insurance premium and a \$10,000 down payment out of his savings. However, unlike Mr. Winckler, he opted for an adjustable rate mortgage tied to the six-month LIBOR. Although Mr. Morellet's interest rate began at 8.5%, it eventually dropped to 4.5%, the floor rate set in his mortgage. In 2011, Mr. Morellet lost his job and began missing payments in June 2013. Fortunately, Mr. Morellet recently obtained a new, higher paying job. He earns a monthly income of \$5,660.

He pays \$305 a month in property taxes and \$128.50 a month for homeowner's insurance. By the time he defaulted on the loan, his monthly mortgage insurance premium had been removed from his account. After factoring in his living expenses and paycheck deductions, his net income is \$5,075.00 and his surplus income is \$2,043.50. Mr. Morellet's FHA Waterfall Worksheet follows.

Like Mr. Winckler, Mr. Morellet's surplus income is greater than \$300 and 15% of his net income but insufficient to pay off his arrears within six months. However, unlike Mr. Winckler, Mr. Morellet is not eligible for an FHA Loan Modification. An FHA Loan Modification only decreases Mr. Morellet's payment by 5.35%. Because the FHA Loan Modification does not provide a sufficient payment reduction, Mr. Morellet must be considered for FHA-HAMP.

The first step in FHA-HAMP is to identify the target payment. Here, Mr. Morellet's target is \$1,415.00, which is 25% of his gross monthly income. The next step is to determine the

maximum available Partial Claim. Because Mr. Morellet has not previously used a Partial Claim, his maximum Partial Claim is 30% of his unpaid principal balance at default, \$48,423.25.

With this information on hand, the worksheet tests to see if Mr. Morellet is eligible for a Stand-Alone Partial Claim. To be eligible, Mr. Morellet must have (1) an interest rate at or below market, (2) a PITIA payment at or below his target, and (3) an available partial claim sufficient to pay off his arrears and fees. Mr. Morellet meets all three of these requirements: (1) his current interest rate of 4.5% is below the market rate of 4.625%; (2) his current PITIA of \$1,393.50 is below his target payment of \$1,415.00; and (3) his available partial claim of \$48,423.25 is sufficient to reinstate his loan. As a result, Mr. Morellet receives a Partial Claim of \$14,047.50.

MONTHLY INC	COME	MONTHLY EXPENSES	
		MONTHLIEAFI	LNOES
Borrower Gross Mon	thly Income	Housing Expenses	
Timing of Employment Income	Monthly	Second Mortgage/Home Equity	\$ -
Timing of Employment moonic	Monthly	Other Mortgage	\$ -
Employment Income	\$ 5,660.00	Property Maintenance	\$ 30.00
Monthly Employment Income	\$ 5,660.00	Time Share Property	\$ -
Contribution	\$ -	Water/Sewage	\$ 120.00
Untaxed Income	a -		\$ 90.00
SSI, Food Stamps, etc.	Φ.	Heating/Electricity	\$ 90.00
331, Food Stamps, etc.	\$ - \$ -	Other loans	
Fixed Income	-	Credit Cards	\$ -
SSA / SSD / Pension	\$ -		\$ 180.00
SSA / SSD / Pension	\$ -	Student Loan	
Dantal income	Φ.	Automobile Loan	\$ 31.00
Rental income	\$ -	Other Loan	\$ -
	\$ -		
		Personal/Living Expenses	
Monthly Subtotal	\$ 5,660.00	Cable TV/Satellite	\$ 100.00
		Telephone/Pager/Mobile Phone	\$ 50.00
Deductions from Paycheck		Online Service	\$ 70.00
	\$1 <u></u>	Groceries/Food	\$ 300.00
Federal Income Tax	\$ 150.00	Clothing	\$ 70.00
State Income Tax	\$ 70.00	Spending Money	\$ -
FICA (SS / Medicare)	\$ 180.00	Life Insurance	\$ 40.00
Other Taxes	\$ 25.00	Health Insurance	\$ 250.00
Pension/Retirement	\$ 100.00	Prescription Drugs	\$ -
Union Dues	\$ 60.00	Medical/Dental Expenses	\$ 65.00
Other Deductions:	\$ -	Alimony/Child Support	\$ -
Other Deductions:	\$ -	Child Care	\$ -
Subtotal	\$ 585.00	School Tuition	\$ -
Monthly Total	\$ 585.00	Transportation	\$ 112.00
,	333,33	Automobile Insurance	\$ 100.00
		Automobile Gasoline	\$ 30.00
Co-Borrower Gross Mo	onthly Income	Automobile Parking	\$ -
OO-BOITOWCI CIOSS INC	ontany income	Adomosiic Farking	Ψ
Timing of Employment Income		Miscellaneous	7
		Religious/Charitable Contribution	\$ -
Employment Income	\$ -	Other Expense:	\$ -
Monthly Employment Income	\$ -	Other Expense:	\$ -
Fixed Income		Other Expense:	\$ -
SSA / SSD / Pension	\$ -	Other Expense:	\$ -
Untaxed Income		Other Expense:	\$ -
SSI, Food Stamps, etc.	\$ -		
	\$ -	Total Expenses	\$ 1,638.00
Monthly Subtotal	\$ -		
Deductions from Paycheck			
Federal Income Tax	\$ -		
State Income Tax	\$ -		
FICA (SS / Medicare)	\$ -		
Other Taxes	\$ -		
Pension/Retirement	\$ -		
Union Dues	\$ -		
Other Deductions:	\$ -		
Other Deductions:	\$ -		
Subtotal	\$ -		
Monthly Total	\$ -		
TOTAL GROSS MONTHLY INCOM	ME \$ 5,660.00		

Georges Morellet FHA Waterfall

Run on: 2/24/2014

FHA WATERFALL INPUTS					
MORTGAGE INFOR	MATION	BORROWER INFORMATION			
<u>Loan Terms</u> Loan Type			come Calculation		
Current Monthly P&I Payment Original Principal Term (in months) Current Interest Rate Date of First Payment Monthly Property Taxes Monthly Homeowner's Insurance Monthly Association Fees Known MIP? Upfront MIP Financed? Original Value Original Interest Rate Estimated MIP	ARM \$ 960.00 \$ 200,000.00	Gross Monthly Income Total Monthly Deductions Net Income Monthly Living Expenses PITIA (see mortgage info.) Total Expenses Net Income Total Expenses Total Surplus Income	\$ 5,660.00 \$ 585.00 \$ 5,075.00 \$ 1,638.00 \$ 1,393.50 \$ 3,031.50 \$ 5,075.00 \$ 3,031.50 \$ 2,043.50		
Principal & Interest PITIA Arrears and Unpaid Principal Balance UPB Information: Estimate Arrears and UPB at Default:	\$ 960.00 \$ 1,393.50 Only Default Date				
Default Date Today's Date Total Months in Default Est UPB at Default Taxes in Arrears Insurance Arrears Association Fee Arrears Interest Arrears MIP Arrears Allowable Fees & Costs Total Eligible Arrears	6/1/2013 2/24/2014 9 \$ 161,410.82 \$ 2,745.00 \$ 1,156.50 \$ - \$ 5,905.31 \$ - \$ 1,000.00 \$ 10,806.81				
Market Interest Rate Freddie Mac PMMS 30yr Fixed Maximum Risk Adjustment Market Rate (rounded to nearest 1/8)	4.33% 0.25% 4.625%				
Previous Partial Claims Amount of Any Previous Partial Claims Current with FAQ for ML 2013-32	\$ -	MEVICACIONIS	s, Inc.'s Proprietary FHA Waterfall Worksheet		

Georges Morellet FHA Waterfall Run on: 2/24/2014

FHA WATERFALL					
INITIAL ASSISTANCE SCREENS					
INTIAL ASSISTANCE SCREENS					
Is surplus income greater than \$300 and 15% of net income? Surplus income 15% of net income Result	\$ 2,043.50 \$ 761.25 Yes	Less previous partial claims \$	423.25 - 423.25		
Continue					
Is 85% surplus income sufficient to cure arrears in 6 months? Arrears, fees, & costs 85% of surplus income Months to cure arrears w/ of 85% surplus income Result Continue	\$ 10,806.81 \$ 1,736.98 7 No	Stand-Alone Partial Claim Analysis All three of the following must be true Is interest rate at or below market? Is PITIA payment at or below target? Does Max PC exceed Missed Payments + Fees? Result Stand-Alone Partial Claim	5		
LOAN MODIFICATION					
Will modification reduce PITIA by more than 10% AND \$100? Current PITIA Market rate Capitalized UPB PITIA at market rate, 30 yr term, & capitalized UPB Percent reduction Amount of reduction Result Continue to FHA-HAMP	\$ 1,393.50 4.625% \$ 172,217.630 \$ 1,318.94 5.35% \$ 74.56				
FHA-HAMP					
Calculate FHA HAMP Target Payment 1. 31% of gross monthly income 2. 80% of current PITIA 3. 25% of gross monthly income 4. Take greater of 2 & 3 5. Take lesser of 1 & 4	\$ 1,754.60 \$ 1,114.80 \$ 1,415.00 \$ 1,415.00 \$ 1,415.00	Borrower eligibile for FHA-HAMP modification.			
Target payment	\$ 1,415.00				
urrent with FAQ for ML 2013-32		MFY Legal Services, Inc.'s Proprietary FF	IA Waterfall Workshee		

Georges Morellet FHA Waterfall

Run on: 2/24/2014

	FHA WORKOU	UT TERMS
	Stand Alone Partial Clair	m
	Monthly PITIA Monthly P&I Interest Bearing Principal Partial Claim Interest Rate Remaining Term	\$ 1,393.50 \$ 960.00 \$ 158,170.13 \$ 14,047.50 4.500% 257
Current with FAQ for ML 2013-32		MFY Legal Services, Inc.'s Proprietary FHA Waterfall Worksheet

For questions or comments about this worksheet, please contact Joseph Rebella

C. FHA-HAMP Stand-Alone Loan Modification

Serge Valène purchased his home for \$210,000 on June 23, 2005. He financed the purchase using an FHA-insured mortgage for \$200,000. At the closing, Mr. Valène paid the upfront mortgage insurance premium and a \$10,000 down payment out of his savings. Mr. Valène's first payment was due on August 1, 2005. His mortgage has a fixed interest rate of 8.5% and principal and interest payments of \$1,537.83. Mr. Valène made his payments on time until June 2013, when he was laid off of his job. Recently, Mr. Valène obtained a new job, from which he earns approximately \$5,876.70 a month. He also rents out a unit in his home for \$1,600 a month. This gives Mr. Valène a gross income of \$7,076.70. He pays \$305 a month in property taxes and \$128.50 a month for homeowner's insurance. At the time of default, his monthly mortgage insurance premium was \$75.87. After factoring in his living expenses and paycheck deductions, his net income is \$5,306.70, and his surplus income is \$791.51. Mr. Valène's FHA Waterfall Worksheet follows.

Because Mr. Valène's surplus income is less than 15% of his net income, he is not eligible for a Formal Forbearance plan or FHA Loan Modification. Instead, he is immediately evaluated for FHA-HAMP. Mr. Valène's target payment is \$1,769.18, 25% of his gross monthly income. He has a maximum partial claim of \$54,515.00.

Because Mr. Valène's interest rate is above the Market Rate and his current payment is above his target payment, he is not eligible for a Stand-Alone Partial Claim. Accordingly, he is evaluated for a Stand-Alone Loan Modification. Here, capitalizing the arrears, setting the interest rate to the Market Rate and extending the term to 360 months produces a PITIA payment of \$1,661.05. This is below Mr. Valène's target payment of \$1,769.18. As a result, Mr. Valène receives the FHA-HAMP Stand-Alone Loan Modification.

MONTHLY INCOME		MONTHLY EXP	ENSES
Borrower Gross Monti	hly Income	990 1000	
	Sec. → Continue. (C.) = 0 del Medico.	Housing Expenses	
Timing of Employment Income	Monthly	Second Mortgage/Home Equity	\$ -
		Other Mortgage	\$ -
Employment Income	\$ 5,876.70	Property Maintenance	\$ 30.00
Monthly Employment Income	\$ 5,876.70	Time Share Property	\$ -
Contribution	\$ -	Water/Sewage	\$ 120.00
Intaxed Income	*	Heating/Electricity	\$ 90.00
	\$ -	r leating/Electricity	\$ 90.00
SSI, Food Stamps, etc.	\$ - \$ -	Other loans	
Sund Income	a -		\$ 90.00
ixed Income	•	Credit Cards	
SSA / SSD / Pension	\$ -	Student Loan	\$ 200.00
		Automobile Loan	\$ 31.00
Rental income	\$ 1,600.00	Other Loan	\$ -
Reduced by 25	5% \$ 1,200.00		
		Personal/Living Expenses	
Monthly Subtotal	\$ 7,076.70	Cable TV/Satellite	\$ 100.00
170	5(Telephone/Pager/Mobile Phone	\$ 50.00
eductions from Paycheck		Online Service	\$ 70.00
West	Agg	Groceries/Food	\$ 500.00
ederal Income Tax	\$ 550.00	Clothing	\$ 100.00
State Income Tax	\$ 270.00	Spending Money	\$ -
FICA (SS / Medicare)	\$ 380.00	Life Insurance	\$ 50.00
Other Taxes	\$ 100.00	Health Insurance	\$ 130.00
Pension/Retirement			\$ 45.00
		Prescription Drugs	
Inion Dues	\$ 70.00	Medical/Dental Expenses	\$ 250.00
Other Deductions:	\$ -	Alimony/Child Support	\$ 500.00
Other Deductions:	\$ -	Child Care	\$ -
Subtotal	\$ 1,770.00	School Tuition	\$ -
Monthly Total	\$ 1,770.00	Transportation	\$ 112.00
		Automobile Insurance	\$ -
		Automobile Gasoline	\$ -
Co-Borrower Gross Mor	nthly Income	Automobile Parking	\$ -
Fiming of Employment Income		Miscellaneous	
mining of Employment income		Religious/Charitable Contribution	\$ -
Employment Income	\$ -	Other Expense:	\$ -
	\$ -		
Monthly Employment Income	Φ -	Other Expense:	
ixed Income		Other Expense:	\$ -
SSA / SSD / Pension	\$ -	Other Expense:	\$ -
Intaxed Income		Other Expense:	\$ -
SSI, Food Stamps, etc.	\$ -		10
	\$ -	Total Expenses	\$ 2,468.00
Monthly Subtotal	\$ -		
Deductions from Paycheck			
ederal Income Tax	\$ -		
State Income Tax	\$ -		
ICA (SS / Medicare)	\$ -		
Other Taxes	\$ -		
Pension/Retirement	\$ -		
Jnion Dues	\$ -		
Other Deductions:	\$ -		
and Doddonollo.	\$ -		
Other Deductions:			
	4		
Other Deductions: Subtotal Monthly Total	\$ -		
	\$ -		
Subtotal	\$ -		

Serge Valène FHA Waterfall

Run on: 2/24/2014

MORTGAGE INFORM	MATION	BORROWER I	NFORMATION
ın Terms		Borrower Monthly Surplus Income Calculation	
n Type	Fixed Rate		-
		Gross Monthly Income	\$ 7,076.70
ginal Principal	\$ 200,000.00	Total Monthly Deductions	\$ 1,770.00
m (in months)	360	Net Income	\$ 5,306.70
rent Interest Rate	8.500%		
e of First Payment	8/1/2005	Monthly Living Expenses	\$ 2,468.0
nthly Property Taxes	\$ 305.00	PITIA (see mortgage info.)	\$ 2,047.1
nthly Homeowner's Insurance	\$ 128.50	Total Expenses	\$ 4,515.1
nthly Association Fees	\$ -	N	
own MIP?	No	Net Income	\$ 5,306.7
ront MIP Financed?	No	Total Expenses	\$ 4,515.1
ginal Value	\$ 210,000.00	Total Surplus Income	\$ 791.5
mated MIP	\$ 75.87		
cipal & Interest	\$ 1,537.83		
IA	\$ 2,047.19		
ears and Unpaid Principal Balance			
3 Information:	Only Default Date		
mate Arrears and UPB at Default:	only bolden bato		
ault Date	6/1/2013		
lay's Date	2/24/2014		
al Months in Default	9		
UPB at Default	\$ 181,716.68		
es in Arrears	\$ 2,745.00		
urance Arrears	\$ 1,156.50		
ociation Fee Arrears	\$ -		
rest Arrears	\$ 12,557.74		
Arrears	\$ 682.80		
wable Fees & Costs	\$ 1,000.00		
al Eligible Arrears	\$ 18,142.04		
rket Interest Rate			
ddie Mac PMMS 30yr Fixed	4.33%		
kimum Risk Adjustment	0.25%		
rket Rate (rounded to nearest 1/8)	4.625%		
vious Partial Claims			
ount of Any Previous Partial Claims	\$ -		

Serge Valène FHA Waterfall Run on: 2/24/2014

	FHA W	ATERFALL	
INITIAL ASSISTANCE SCREENS			
Is surplus income greater than \$300 and 15% of net income? Surplus income 15% of net income Result	\$ 791.51 \$ 796.01 No	Calculate Maximum Partial Claim 1. 30% UPB at Default 2. Less previous partial claims Maximum Partial Claim	\$ 54,515.00 \$ - \$ 54,515.00
Skip to FHA-HAMP		Stand-Alone Partial Claim Analysis All three of the following must be true Is interest rate at or below market? Is PITIA payment at or below target? Does Max PC exceed Missed Payments + Fees? Result Continue to Modification with Partial Claim	No No Yes No
		Stand-Alone FHA HAMP Modification Analysis Will modification result in PITIA at or below target? Target payment Modification Payment Result	\$ 1,769.18 \$ 1,661.05 Yes
FHA-HAMP Calculate FHA HAMP Target Payment			
1. 31% of gross monthly income 2. 80% of current PITIA 3. 25% of gross monthly income 4. Take greater of 2 & 3 5. Take lesser of 1 & 4	\$ 2,193.78 \$ 1,637.75 \$ 1,769.18 \$ 1,769.18 \$ 1,769.18	Borrower eligibile for FHA-HAMP modification.	
Target payment	\$ 1,769.18		
Current with FAQ for ML 2013-32		MFY Legal Services, In	c.'s Proprietary FHA Waterfall Workshee

Serge Valène FHA Waterfall

Run on: 2/24/2014

	FHA WORKOU	JT TERMS
	Stand Alone FHA-HAMP	Modification
	Monthly PITIA Monthly P&I Interest Bearing Principal Partial Claim Interest Rate Remaining Term	\$ 1,661.05 \$ 1,027.55 \$ 199,858.72 \$ - 4.625% 360
Current with FAQ for ML 2013-32		MFY Legal Services, Inc.'s Proprietary FHA Waterfall Workshee

For questions or comments about this worksheet, please contact Joseph Rebella

D. FHA-HAMP Loan Modification with Partial Claim

Simon Crubellier purchased his home for \$210,000 on June 23, 2005. He financed the purchase using an FHA-insured mortgage for \$200,000. At the closing, Mr. Crubellier paid the upfront mortgage insurance premium and a \$10,000 down payment out of his savings. Mr. Crubellier's first payment was due on August 1, 2005. His mortgage has a fixed interest rate of 8.5% and principal and interest payments of \$1,537.83. Mr. Crubellier made his payments on time until the June 2013, when illness caused Mr. Crubellier to take leave from his job. Now back at work, Mr. Crubellier earns \$3,876.70 a month in employment income. He also rents out a unit in his home for \$1,600 a month. This gives Mr. Crubellier a gross income of \$5,076.70.

He pays \$305 a month in property taxes and \$128.50 a month for homeowner's insurance. At the time of default, his monthly mortgage insurance premium was \$75.87. After factoring in his living expenses and paycheck deductions, his net income is \$3,376.70 and his surplus income is \$8.51. Mr. Crubellier's FHA Waterfall Worksheet follows.

Because Mr. Crubellier's surplus income is below \$300 a month and less than 15% of his net income, he is not eligible for a Formal Forbearance plan or an FHA Loan Modification.

Instead, he is immediately evaluated for FHA-HAMP. Mr. Crubellier's target payment is \$1,573.78, 31% of his gross monthly income. He has a maximum partial claim of \$54,515.00.

Because Mr. Crubellier's interest rate is above the market rate and his PITIA payment is above his target, he is not eligible for a Stand-Alone Partial Claim. The Worksheet then evaluates Mr. Crubellier for a Stand-Alone Loan Modification. Capitalizing the arrears, setting the interest rate to the Market Rate and extending the term to 360 months produces a PITIA payment of \$1,661.05. Because this payment is more than Mr. Crubellier's target payment, he is not eligible for a Stand-Alone Loan Modification, and he must be evaluated for a Modification

with a Partial Claim.

In a Modification with Partial Claim, the Partial Claim is applied to the capitalized UPB to reach the target payment. Here, in order to amortize the interest-bearing principal over 30 years at the Market Rate with his target payment, Mr. Crubellier needs \$16,975.09 in principal forbearance. This amount is well under Mr. Crubellier's maximum Partial Claim of \$54,515.00. As a result, he receives a modification with a \$16,975.09 Partial Claim. His payment going forward is his target payment.

Note that Mr. Crubellier's income and mortgage information is identical to Mr. Winckler's income and mortgage information. The only difference between the two cases is that Mr. Crubellier reported more expenses and as a result, lower surplus income. Because Mr. Crubellier listed minimal surplus income, he received principal forbearance and a lowered monthly payment.

			FNOEO
MONTHLY INCO	OME	MONTHLY EXP	ENSES
Borrower Gross Month	nly Income	Haveing Francis	
Timing of Employment Income	Monthly	Housing Expenses	•
Timing of Employment Income	Monthly	Second Mortgage/Home Equity	\$ -
_ ,	0.070.70	Other Mortgage	\$ -
Employment Income	\$ 3,876.70	Property Maintenance	\$ 30.00
Monthly Employment Income	\$ 3,876.70	Time Share Property	\$ -
Contribution	\$ -	Water/Sewage	\$ 120.00
Intaxed Income		Heating/Electricity	\$ 90.00
SSI, Food Stamps, etc.	\$ -	0.0	
	\$ -	Other loans	
Fixed Income		Credit Cards	\$ -
SSA / SSD / Pension	\$ -	Student Loan	\$ 200.00
Deutal Income	4 600 00	Automobile Loan	\$ 31.00
Rental income	\$ 1,600.00	Other Loan	\$ -
Reduced by 25	% \$ 1,200.00	Personal/Living Expenses	
Monthly Subtotal	\$ 5,076.70	Personal/Living Expenses Cable TV/Satellite	¢
Monthly Subtotal	Φ 5,076.70		\$ - \$ 50.00
aductions from Doughast		Telephone/Pager/Mobile Phone Online Service	
Deductions from Paycheck			
adami la sama Tarr	E50.00	Groceries/Food	\$ 500.00
Federal Income Tax	\$ 550.00	Clothing	\$ -
State Income Tax	\$ 270.00	Spending Money	\$ -
FICA (SS / Medicare)	\$ 380.00	Life Insurance	\$ -
Other Taxes	\$ 100.00	Health Insurance	\$ 230.00
Pension/Retirement	\$ 400.00	Prescription Drugs	\$ -
Jnion Dues	\$ -	Medical/Dental Expenses	\$ -
Other Deductions:	\$ -	Alimony/Child Support	\$ -
Other Deductions:	\$ - \$ 1,700.00	Child Care	\$ -
Subtotal		School Tuition	\$ -
Monthly Total	\$ 1,700.00	Transportation Automobile Insurance	\$ - \$ -
		Automobile Insurance Automobile Gasoline	\$ -
Co-Borrower Gross Mon	thly Income	Automobile Gasoline Automobile Parking	\$ -
CO-BOITOWEI GIOSS MOI	itiny income	Automobile Parking	\$ -
Timing of Employment Income		<u>Miscellaneous</u>	
200		Religious/Charitable Contribution	\$ -
Employment Income	\$ -	Other Expense:	\$ -
Monthly Employment Income	\$ -	Other Expense:	\$ -
Fixed Income	4.5	Other Expense:	\$ -
SSA / SSD / Pension	\$ -	Other Expense:	\$ -
Intaxed Income		Other Expense:	\$ -
SSI, Food Stamps, etc.	\$ -		(<u> </u>
	\$ -	Total Expenses	\$ 1,321.00
Monthly Subtotal	\$ -		
Deductions from Paycheck			
Federal Income Tax	\$ -		
State Income Tax	\$ -		
FICA (SS / Medicare)	\$ -		
Other Taxes	\$ -		
Pension/Retirement	\$ -		
Jnion Dues	\$ -		
Other Deductions:	\$ -		
Other Deductions:	\$ -		
Subtotal	\$ -		
Monthly Total	\$ -		
TOTAL GROSS MONTHLY INCOME	5,076.70		

Simon Crubellier FHA Waterfall

Run on: 2/24/2014

	FHA WATE	RFALL INPUTS	
MORTOACE INFOR	MATION	PORROWER	INFORMATION
MORTGAGE INFOR	WATION	BORROWER	INFORMATION
Loan Terms		Borrower Monthly Surplus I	ncome Calculation
Loan Type	Fixed Rate	Cross Monthly Income	¢ 5.076.70
Original Principal	\$ 200,000.00	Gross Monthly Income Total Monthly Deductions	\$ 5,076.70 \$ 1,700.00
Term (in months)	360	Net Income	\$ 3,376.70
Current Interest Rate	8.500%		
Date of First Payment	8/1/2005	Monthly Living Expenses	\$ 1,321.00
Monthly Property Taxes	\$ 305.00	PITIA (see mortgage info.)	\$ 2,047.19
Monthly Homeowner's Insurance	\$ 128.50	Total Expenses	\$ 3,368.19
Monthly Association Fees Known MIP?	\$ - No	Net Income	\$ 3,376.70
Upfront MIP Financed?	No	Total Expenses	\$ 3,368.19
Original Value	\$ 210,000.00	Total Surplus Income	\$ 8.51
Original Value	\$ 210,000.00	Total Garpias mosme	U.U.
Estimated MIP	\$ 75.87		
Principal & Interest	\$ 1,537.83		
PITIA	\$ 2,047.19		
Arrears and Unpaid Principal Balance			
UPB Information:	Only Default Date		
Estimate Arrears and UPB at Default:			
Default Date	6/1/2013		
Today's Date	2/24/2014		
Total Months in Default Est UPB at Default	\$ 181,716.68		
Taxes in Arrears	\$ 2,745.00		
Insurance Arrears	\$ 1,156.50		
Association Fee Arrears	\$ -		
Interest Arrears	\$ 12,557.74		
MIP Arrears	\$ 682.80		
Allowable Fees & Costs	\$ 1,000.00		
Total Eligible Arrears	\$ 18,142.04		
Market Interest Rate			
Freddie Mac PMMS 30yr Fixed	4.33%		
Maximum Risk Adjustment	0.25%		
Market Rate (rounded to nearest 1/8)	4.625%		
Previous Partial Claims			
Amount of Any Previous Partial Claims	\$ -		
Current with FAQ for ML 2013-32		MFY Legal Servio	ces, Inc.'s Proprietary FHA Waterfall Worksheet

Simon Crubellier FHA Waterfall

Run on: 2/24/2014

	FHA W	ATERFALL	
INITIAL ASSISTANCE SCREENS			
INTIAL AGGIOTANGE GONELING			
Is surplus income greater than \$300 and 15% of net income? Surplus income 15% of net income Result	\$ 8.51 \$ 506.51 No	Calculate Maximum Partial Claim 1. 30% UPB at Default 2. Less previous partial claims Maximum Partial Claim	\$ 54,515.00 \$ - \$ 54,515.00
Skip to FHA-HAMP		Stand-Alone Partial Claim Analysis	
		All three of the following must be true	
		Is interest rate at or below market?	No
		Is PITIA payment at or below target?	No
		Does Max PC exceed Missed Payments + Fees?	Yes
		Result	No
		Continue to Modification with Partial Claim	
		Stand-Alone FHA HAMP Modification Analysis	
		Will modification result in PITIA at or below target?	
		Target payment	\$ 1,573.78
		Modification Payment	\$ 1,661.05
		Result	No
		Continue to Modification with Partial Claim	
		Modification with Partial Claim	
		Is enough Partial Claim available to achieve target?	
		Partial Claim required to reach target payment	\$ 16,975.09
		Maximum Partial Claim	\$ 54,515.00
FHA-HAMP		Result	Yes
FIIA-NAME			
Calculate FHA HAMP Target Payment	-		
1. 31% of gross monthly income	\$ 1,573.78		
2. 80% of current PITIA	\$ 1,637.75		
3. 25% of gross monthly income	\$ 1,269.18		
4. Take greater of 2 & 3	\$ 1,637.75		
5. Take lesser of 1 & 4	\$ 1,573.78	Borrower eligibile for FHA-HAMP modification.	
Target payment	\$ 1,573.78		
Current with FAQ for ML 2013-32		MFY Legal Services, I	nc.'s Proprietary FHA Waterfall Workshee

Simon Crubellier FHA Waterfall

Run on: 2/24/2014

	FHA WORKOU	UT TERMS
	FHA-HAMP Modification	ı with Partial Claim
	Monthly PITIA Monthly P&I Interest Bearing Principal Partial Claim Interest Rate Remaining Term	\$ 1,573.78 \$ 940.28 \$ 182,883.63 \$ 16,975.09 4.625% 360
Current with FAQ for ML 2013-32		MFY Legal Services, Inc.'s Proprietary FHA Waterfall Workshee

For questions or comments about this worksheet, please contact Joseph Rebella.

E. FHA-HAMP Loan Modification above the Target Payment

Percival Bartlebooth purchased his home for \$210,000 on June 23, 2005. He financed the purchase using an FHA-insured mortgage for \$200,000. At the closing, Mr. Bartlebooth paid the upfront mortgage insurance premium and a \$10,000 down payment out of his savings. Mr. Bartlebooth's first payment was due on August 1, 2005. His mortgage has a fixed interest rate of 8.5% and principal and interest payments of \$1,537.83. Mr. Bartlebooth made his payments on time until the June 2013, when problems with his tenant caused him to fall behind. Mr. Bartlebooth earns \$3,176.70 a month in employment income. He also rents out a unit in his home for \$1,600 a month. This gives Mr. Bartlebooth a gross income of \$4,376.70.

He pays \$305 a month in property taxes and \$128.50 a month for homeowner's insurance. At the time of default, his monthly mortgage insurance premium was \$75.87. After factoring in his living expenses and paycheck deductions, his net income is \$2,676.70, and he has negative surplus income of \$691.49. Mr. Bartlebooth's FHA Waterfall Worksheet follows.

Because Mr. Bartlebooth's surplus income is below \$300 a month and less than 15% of his net income, he is not eligible for a repayment plan or FHA Loan Modification. Instead, he is immediately evaluated for FHA-HAMP. Mr. Bartlebooth's target payment is \$1,356.78, 31% of his gross monthly income. He has a maximum Partial Claim of \$54,515.00.

Because Mr. Bartlebooth's interest rate is above the market rate and his PITIA payment is above his target, he is not eligible for a Stand-Alone Partial Claim. The Worksheet then evaluates Mr. Bartlebooth for a Stand-Alone Loan Modification. Capitalizing the arrears, setting the interest rate to the Market Rate and extending the term to 360 months produces a PITIA payment of \$1,661.05. Because this payment is more than Mr. Crubellier's target payment, he is not eligible for a Stand-Alone Loan Modification, and he must be evaluated for a Modification

with a Partial Claim. To reach his target payment, Mr. Bartlebooth needs \$59,181.53 in principal deferment. Unfortunately, Mr. Bartlebooth has maximum Partial Claim of only \$54,515.00.

The next step in FHA loss mitigation is to increase the payment up to 40% of the borrower's gross income. Here, the payment necessary to amortize the loan with the maximum available deferment is \$1,380.77, which is 31.55% of Mr. Bartlebooth's gross monthly income. Because the payment is under 40%, Mr. Bartlebooth receives the modification, with the entire available Partial Claim and a payment of \$1,380.77 for 30 years at 4.625%.

mployment Income	Monthly Mont	MONTHLY INCO	OME	MONTHLY EXP	ENSES
Monthly Monthly S	Monthly Monthly S	Daymanian Course Manual	aly Income		
Monthly Second Mortgage/Home Equity Second Mortgage/Home Equ	Monthly Second Mortgage Home Equity Second Mortgage Second Mortgage Mortgage Second Mortgage Mortgage Second	Borrower Gross Montr	nly income	Housing Expenses	
Cher Mortgage	Cher Mortage Salation Salation Cher Mortage Salation Salation Salation Cher Mortage Salation Salation Salation Salation Cher Mortage Salation	iming of Employment Income	Monthly		\$ -
Sample property in come	Employment Income	ining of Employment moonie	Wieriuny		
Monthly Employment Income	Monthly Employment Income		0.470.70		
Water/Sewage Samps, etc. Sample Samps, etc. Sample Samps, etc. Samps, et	Mater/Sewage Samps, etc.	40 CO 40 GARAGO BARA BARA BARA BARA BARA BARA BARA BAR			
Unitaxed Income	Unlaxed Income				
SSI, Food Stamps, etc. S	SSI, Food Stamps, etc. S		-		\$ 120.00
S	S		72	Heating/Electricity	\$ 90.00
Credit Cards S.	Credit Cards S. Credit Cards S. 200.00	SSI, Food Stamps, etc.	\$ -	640-3004 BB-0	
SSA / SSD / Pension S	SSA / SSD / Pension S		\$ -	Other loans	
SSA / SSD / Pension S	SSA / SSD / Pension S	ixed Income		Credit Cards	\$ -
Automobile Loan S 3.100	Automobile Loan S 3.1,000 S 1,000 S 1,00	SSA / SSD / Pension	\$ -	Student Loan	
Section Sect	S			Section and Company and Confidence and Confidence	
Reduced by 25% S	Reduced by 25% S	Pental income	\$ 1,600,00		\$ -
Personal/Living Expenses S -	Monthly Subtotal S 4,376.70 September S 50.00 Coller IV/Satellite S - Telephone/Pager/Mobile Phone S 50.00 Colline Service S 70.00 Colline S - Colline Colline Colline S - Colline			Other Loan	_
Cable TV/Satellite S	Cable TV/Satellite S	Reduced by 25	/0 Ψ 1,200.00	Personal/Living Evenness	
Telephone/Pager/Mobile Phone	Telephone/Pager/Mobile Phone	Apothly Cylintotal	¢ 4.070.70		•
Colling Service S	Colling Service S	nonthly Subtotal	\$ 4,376.70		
Sederal Income Tax	Sederal Income Tax	. No. 14 Control 1 Control			
Section Sect	Section Sect	eductions from Paycheck			
State Income Tax	State Income Tax		89	Groceries/Food	
State Income Tax	State Income Tax	ederal Income Tax		Clothing	
Sign	Signature Sign	State Income Tax			
Dither Taxes	Differ Taxes			Life Insurance	
Pension/Retirement Junion Dues S - Other Deductions: Monthly Total S 1,700.00 Monthly Total S 1,700.00 Monthly Total S 1,700.00 Monthly Total S 1,700.00 Monthly Income Co-Borrower Gross Monthly Income Employment Income S - Other Expense: Miscellaneous Religious/Charitable Contribution Other Expense: S - Other Expense:	Pension/Retirement Junion Dues S - Other Deductions: Monthly Total S 1,700.00 Monthly Total S 1,700.00 Monthly Total S 1,700.00 Monthly Total S 1,700.00 Monthly Income Co-Borrower Gross Monthly Income Employment Income S - Other Expense: Miscellaneous Religious/Charitable Contribution Other Expense: S - Other Expense:				
Dinion Dues	Dinion Dues				
Dither Deductions: Subtotal Su	Dither Deductions: Subtotal Su				
Chief Deductions: Subtotal Sub	Chief Deductions: Subtotal Sub				
Subtotal Monthly Total S 1,700.00 Transportation Automobile Insurance Automobile Parking S - Automobile Par	Subtotal Monthly Total S 1,700.00 Transportation Automobile Insurance Automobile Parking S - Automobile Par				
Monthly Total S 1,700.00 Co-Borrower Gross Monthly Income Timing of Employment Income Employment Income Monthly Employment Income S - Monthly Employment Income SSA / SSD / Pension Jutaxed Income SSI, Food Stamps, etc. S - State Income Tax State Income Tax SIcate Income Tax SICA (SS / Medicare) Other Taxes Pension/Retirement Junion Dues Other Deductions: Subtotal Monthly Total Transportation Automobile Insurance Automobile Gasoline S - Automobile Parking S - Other Expense:	Monthly Total \$ 1,700.00 Co-Borrower Gross Monthly Income Timing of Employment Income Employment Income S - Monthly Employment Income SSA / SSD / Pension Untaxed Income Untaxed Income Tax SI, Food Stamps, etc. Sederal Income Tax SI - State Income Tax SI - Other Expense: Ficed Income Tax SI - Other Expense: City Sized Income SI - Othe				
Co-Borrower Gross Monthly Income Timing of Employment Income Employment Income Employment Income Sosa / SSD / Pension Untaxed Income SSI, Food Stamps, etc. Sosa / SSD /	Co-Borrower Gross Monthly Income Timing of Employment Income Employment Income Employment Income S - Monthly Employment Income SSA / SSD / Pension Untaxed Income SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI, Food Stamps, etc. S- Cother Expense: Other Expense: Other Expense: Other Expense: Other Expense: Other Expense: Total Expenses: S - Cother Expense: S				
Co-Borrower Gross Monthly Income Timing of Employment Income Employment Income Semployment Income Miscellaneous Religious/Charitable Contribution Other Expense: Other	Co-Borrower Gross Monthly Income Timing of Employment Income Employment Income Semployment Income Miscellaneous Religious/Charitable Contribution Other Expense: Other	Monthly Lotal	\$ 1,700.00		
Co-Borrower Gross Monthly Income Timing of Employment Income Employment Income Semployment Income Semp	Co-Borrower Gross Monthly Income Timing of Employment Income Employment Income Semployment Income Semp				
Fiming of Employment Income Employment Income Miscellaneous Religious/Charitable Contribution Other Expense: Total Expenses \$ 1,321.00 Monthly Subtotal Deductions from Paycheck Federal Income Tax State	Timing of Employment Income Employment Income Monthly Employment Income SSA / SSD / Pension Untaxed Income SSI, Food Stamps, etc. Solutions from Paycheck Federal Income Tax State Income			Automobile Gasoline	
Employment Income Monthly Employment Income SSA / SSD / Pension SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI - Other Expense: SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI - Other Expense: SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI, Food Stamp	Employment Income Monthly Employment Income SSA / SSD / Pension SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI - Other Expense: SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI - Other Expense: SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI, Food Stamp	Co-Borrower Gross Mor	thly Income	Automobile Parking	\$ -
Employment Income Monthly Employment Income SSA / SSD / Pension SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI - Other Expense: SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI - Other Expense: SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI, Food Stamp	Employment Income Monthly Employment Income SSA / SSD / Pension Untaxed Income SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI - Other Expense: SSI - Other Expense: Total Expenses: Total Expenses S 1,321.00 Religious/Charitable Contribution Other Expense: S - Other Expense: Other Expense: Total Expenses Total Expenses S 1,321.00				
Employment Income Monthly Employment Income SSA / SSD / Pension SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI - Other Expense: SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI - Other Expense: SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI, Food Stamp	Employment Income Monthly Employment Income SSA / SSD / Pension Untaxed Income SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI - Other Expense: SSI - Other Expense: Total Expenses: Total Expenses S 1,321.00 Religious/Charitable Contribution Other Expense: S - Other Expense: Other Expense: Total Expenses Total Expenses S 1,321.00	iming of Employment Income		Miscellaneous	
Employment Income Monthly Employment Income Sized Income SSA / SSD / Pension SSI, Food Stamps, etc. S	Employment Income Monthly Employment Income Fixed Income SSA / SSD / Pension Untaxed Income SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI, Food	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			\$ -
Monthly Employment Income Fixed Income SSA / SSD / Pension Untaxed Income SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI, Food Stamps, etc. Solutions from Paycheck Federal Income Tax State Income Tax State Income Tax State Income Tax State Income Tax Side Income Tax S	Monthly Employment Income Fixed Income SSA / SSD / Pension Untaxed Income SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SOUTH Expense: Other Expense: Othe	mnloyment Income	\$ -		
Sized Income SSA / SSD / Pension SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI, Food Stamps, etc	Sized Income SSA / SSD / Pension SSI, Food Stamps, etc. SSI, Food Stamps, etc				
SSA / SSD / Pension Untaxed Income SSI, Food Stamps, etc. \$ - State Income Tax State Incom	SSA / SSD / Pension Untaxed Income SSI, Food Stamps, etc. \$ - S - S - S - S - S - S - S - S - S -		-	The state of the s	
Untaxed Income SSI, Food Stamps, etc. S - SI, Food Stamps, etc. S - Total Expenses Total Expenses \$ 1,321.00 Monthly Subtotal S - Deductions from Paycheck Federal Income Tax State Income Tax SICA (SS / Medicare) Other Taxes Pension/Retirement Union Dues Other Deductions: S - Other Deductions: S - Subtotal Monthly Total Other Expense: Total Expenses: Total Expenses S - Total Expenses	Untaxed Income SSI, Food Stamps, etc. S - SI, Food Stamps, etc. S - Total Expenses Total Expenses \$ 1,321.00 Monthly Subtotal S - Deductions from Paycheck Federal Income Tax State Income Tax SICA (SS / Medicare) Other Taxes Pension/Retirement Union Dues Other Deductions: S - Other Deductions: S - Subtotal Monthly Total Other Expense: Total Expenses: Total Expenses S - Total Expenses			31 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	200
SSI, Food Stamps, etc. \$ - \$ Total Expenses \$ 1,321.00 Monthly Subtotal \$ - Deductions from Paycheck Federal Income Tax State Income Tax FICA (SS / Medicare) Other Taxes Pension/Retirement Jnion Dues Other Deductions: State Income Tax S - Total Expenses \$ 1,321.00	SSI, Food Stamps, etc. \$ -		\$ -		
\$ - Total Expenses \$ 1,321.00 Monthly Subtotal \$ - Deductions from Paycheck Federal Income Tax \$ - State Income Tax \$ - COMERCIAN STATE	\$ - Total Expenses \$ 1,321.00 Monthly Subtotal \$ - Deductions from Paycheck Federal Income Tax \$ - State Income Tax \$ - COMERCIAN STATE			Other Expense:	\$ -
Deductions from Paycheck Federal Income Tax State Income Tax State Income Tax FICA (SS / Medicare) Other Taxes Pension/Retirement Union Dues Other Deductions: Other Deductions: Subtotal Monthly Total \$	Deductions from Paycheck Federal Income Tax State Income Tax State Income Tax FICA (SS / Medicare) Other Taxes Pension/Retirement Union Dues Other Deductions: Other Deductions: Subtotal Monthly Total \$ -	SSI, Food Stamps, etc.			60°
Monthly Subtotal Deductions from Paycheck Federal Income Tax State Income Tax St	Monthly Subtotal Deductions from Paycheck Federal Income Tax State Income Tax St			Total Expenses	\$ 1,321.00
Deductions from Paycheck Federal Income Tax State Income	Deductions from Paycheck Federal Income Tax State Income Tax STATE STAT			825.1	
Deductions from Paycheck Federal Income Tax State Income	Deductions from Paycheck Federal Income Tax State Income	Monthly Subtotal	\$ -		
State Income Tax State Income Tax State Income Tax STICA (SS / Medicare) STICA (SS / Med	Federal Income Tax State Income Tax FICA (SS / Medicare) Other Taxes Pension/Retirement Union Dues Other Deductions: Other Deductions: Subtotal Monthly Total S - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C -				
State Income Tax FICA (SS / Medicare) Other Taxes Pension/Retirement Union Dues Other Deductions: Other Deductions: Subtotal Monthly Total Substitute	State Income Tax FICA (SS / Medicare) Other Taxes Pension/Retirement Union Dues Other Deductions: Other Deductions: Subtotal Monthly Total Substitute	Deductions from Paycheck			
State Income Tax FICA (SS / Medicare) Other Taxes Pension/Retirement Union Dues Other Deductions: Other Deductions: Subtotal Monthly Total Substitute	State Income Tax FICA (SS / Medicare) Other Taxes Pension/Retirement Union Dues Other Deductions: Other Deductions: Subtotal Monthly Total Substitute	_			
FICA (SS / Medicare) Other Taxes Pension/Retirement Union Dues Other Deductions: Other Deductions: Subtotal Monthly Total \$	FICA (SS / Medicare) Other Taxes Pension/Retirement Union Dues Other Deductions: Other Deductions: Subtotal Monthly Total \$				
Other Taxes Pension/Retirement Union Dues State Country St	Other Taxes Pension/Retirement Union Dues State Country St	State Income Tax			
Other Taxes Pension/Retirement Union Dues State Country St	Other Taxes Pension/Retirement Union Dues State Country St	TICA (SS / Medicare)	\$ -		
Pension/Retirement Union Dues Other Deductions: Other Deductions: Subtotal Monthly Total \$	Pension/Retirement Union Dues Other Deductions: Other Deductions: Subtotal Monthly Total \$				
Union Dues State Programmer State Progra	Union Dues State Programmer State Progra				
Other Deductions: Other Deductions: Subtotal Monthly Total Substitute	Other Deductions: Other Deductions: Subtotal Monthly Total Substitute				
Other Deductions: Subtotal Monthly Total Subtemple 1	Other Deductions: Subtotal Monthly Total Subtemple 1				
Subtotal Monthly Total \$ - \$ -	Subtotal Monthly Total \$ - \$ -				
Monthly Total \$ -	Monthly Total \$ -				
TOTAL GROSS MONTHLY INCOME \$ 4,376.70	TOTAL GROSS MONTHLY INCOME \$ 4,376.70		-		
TOTAL GROSS MONTHLY INCOME \$ 4,376.70	TOTAL GROSS MONTHLY INCOME \$ 4,376.70	Nonthly Total			
		Monthly Total			

Percival Bartlebooth FHA Waterfall

Run on: 2/24/2014

	FHA WATI	RFALL INPUTS	
MORTGAGE INFOR	MATION	BORROWER II	NFORMATION
Loan Terms		Borrower Monthly Surplus Inc	
Loan Type Original Principal Term (in months) Current Interest Rate	\$ 200,000.00 360 8.500%	Gross Monthly Income Total Monthly Deductions Net Income	\$ 4,376.70 \$ 1,700.00 \$ 2,676.70
Date of First Payment Monthly Property Taxes Monthly Homeowner's Insurance Monthly Association Fees	8/1/2005 \$ 305.00 \$ 128.50	Monthly Living Expenses PITIA (see mortgage info.) Total Expenses	\$ 1,321.00 \$ 2,047.19 \$ 3,368.19
Known MIP? Upfront MIP Financed? Original Value	No No \$ 210,000.00	Net Income Total Expenses Total Surplus Income	\$ 2,676.70 \$ 3,368.19 \$ (691.49)
Estimated MIP	\$ 75.87		
Principal & Interest PITIA	\$ 1,537.83 \$ 2,047.19		
Arrears and Unpaid Principal Balance UPB Information: Estimate Arrears and UPB at Default:	Only Default Date		
Default Date Today's Date Total Months in Default Est UPB at Default Taxes in Arrears Insurance Arrears Association Fee Arrears Interest Arrears MIP Arrears Allowable Fees & Costs Total Eligible Arrears	6/1/2013 2/24/2014 9 \$ 181,716.68 \$ 2,745.00 \$ 1,156.50 \$ - \$ 12,557.74 \$ 682.80 \$ 1,000.00 \$ 18,142.04		
Market Interest Rate Freddie Mac PMMS 30yr Fixed Maximum Risk Adjustment Market Rate (rounded to nearest 1/8)	4.33% 0.25% 4.625%		
Previous Partial Claims Amount of Any Previous Partial Claims	\$ -		
Current with FAQ for ML 2013-32		MFY Legal Services	s, Inc.'s Proprietary FHA Waterfall Worksheet

Percival Bartlebooth FHA Waterfall

Run on: 2/24/2014

	FHA W	ATERFALL	
INITIAL ASSISTANCE SCREENS			
Is surplus income greater than \$300 and 15% of net income? Surplus income 15% of net income Result	\$ (691.49) \$ 401.51 No	Calculate Maximum Partial Claim 1. 30% UPB at Default 2. Less previous partial claims Maximum Partial Claim	\$ 54,515.00 \$ - \$ 54,515.00
Skip to FHA-HAMP		Stand-Alone Partial Claim Analysis	
		All three of the following must be true	
		Is interest rate at or below market?	No
		Is PITIA payment at or below target?	No
		Does Max PC exceed Missed Payments + Fees?	Yes
		Result	No
		Continue to Modification with Partial Claim	
		Stand-Alone FHA HAMP Modification Analysis	
		Will modification result in PITIA at or below target?	
		Target payment	\$ 1,356.78
		Modification Payment	\$ 1,661.05
		Result	No
		Continue to Modification with Partial Claim	
		Modification with Partial Claim	
		Is enough Partial Claim available to achieve target?	
		Partial Claim required to reach target payment	\$ 59,181.53
		Maximum Partial Claim	\$ 54,515.00
FHA-HAMP		Result	No
FHATIAME		Modification with Payment Above Target	
Calculate FHA HAMP Target Payment		Is payment at or below 40% DTI?	
1. 31% of gross monthly income	\$ 1,356.78	Payment with maximum deferment	\$ 1,380.77
2. 80% of current PITIA	\$ 1,637.75	Debt to income ratio	31.55%
3. 25% of gross monthly income	\$ 1,094.18	Result	Yes
4. Take greater of 2 & 3	\$ 1,637.75		139
5. Take lesser of 1 & 4	\$ 1,356.78	Borrower eligibile for FHA-HAMP modification.	
Target payment	\$ 1,356.78		
Current with FAQ for ML 2013-32		MFY Legal Services, I	nc.'s Proprietary FHA Waterfall Workshee

Percival Bartlebooth FHA Waterfall

Run on: 2/24/2014

		RMS
FHA-HAMP Modification	with Pa	rtial Claim
Monthly PITIA	\$	1,380.77
Monthly P&I Interest Bearing Principal	\$	747.27 145,343.72
Partial Claim	\$	54,515.00
Remaining Term		4.625% 360
	Monthly PITIA Monthly P&I Interest Bearing Principal Partial Claim Interest Rate	Monthly P&I \$ Interest Bearing Principal \$ Partial Claim \$ Interest Rate

For questions or comments about this worksheet, please contact Joseph Rebella