

# Foreclosure Facts for Tenants: What to Do when Your Landlord Is Facing Foreclosure

# **Foreclosure May Affect Renters**

Property owners aren't the only ones who are affected by the foreclosure crisis. Rental tenants should familiarize themselves with the basic information below to protect their interests as best they can:

### Can a Landlord Break My Lease? Will I Lose My Rental Unit?

Generally speaking, rent-paying tenants retain their leases through the foreclosure. Depending on the type of tenancy you have, this can mean different things:

- Rent-stabilized and rent-controlled tenancies survive foreclosure (NYC Admin. Code § 26-408):
- Federally-subsidized tenants (for example, Section 8) also generally retain their rights despite foreclosure; and
- **Non-regulated tenancies** must be honored through the end of the term of the lease (U.S. Protecting Tenants at Foreclosure Act of 2009, scheduled to expire December 31, 2014).

There are exceptions to every general rule, and certain circumstances can make determining your rights extremely complex. As soon as you learn that your landlord is facing foreclosure, you should seek advice from an agency that provides free legal services.

## What Do I Do with My Rent?

Continue paying rent to your landlord. Although your landlord may lose ownership of the building, you should never, under any circumstances, stop paying the rent. Even though there are Federal and local laws to protect tenants from eviction, you can still be at risk of losing your home if you fall behind in rent. No matter what anyone says to you verbally, continue to pay your rent to your landlord as you always have, and make sure that you retain receipts, cancelled checks, or stubs from money orders.

A foreclosure may take many months to complete. If during the foreclosure process the courts determine that your rent should go to another party, known as a Receiver, you will receive a document titled "Notice to Attorn." Unless and until you receive this written notice, continue to pay rent to your landlord.

### Who Do I Go to for Repairs?

Your landlord remains responsible for any repairs that should be made to your rental unit during the foreclosure process. However, many landlords undergoing foreclosure neglect to provide continued maintenance, even though it is their legal responsibility. Demand any repairs you need in writing to your landlord. Should he or she fail to provide you with service, contact an agency that provides free legal advice for information on how to proceed against the landlord.

### **Getting More Information**

If you are worried that your landlord might be in foreclosure, but are not certain and have not received any legal notices, you can check with the clerk's office of the Supreme Court in the county where the property is located to see if a proceeding has begun:

Bronx County Supreme Court: 851 Grand Concourse Kings County Supreme Court: 360 Adams Street New York County Supreme Court: 60 Centre Street

Queens County Supreme Court: 88-11 Sutphin Boulevard Richmond County Supreme Court: 130 Stuyvesant Place

Because the foreclosure process has so many special rules, protections and exceptions, you should seek advice and assistance as soon as you know that a case has been filed against your landlord involving your building. When speaking to an attorney, having the following information available will be very helpful:

- what kind of tenancy you have (rent-regulated, unregulated, subsidized);
- a copy of your written lease and renewals, if any; and
- any notices or legal papers from the foreclosure proceeding, whether you are named in it or not.

If you decide to seek legal advice or assistance, consult <u>www.lawhelp.org</u> for the free legal services organization nearest you, or contact MFY Legal Services at **(212) 417-3700**.